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A: Division: ACADEMIC	DATE: October 25, 1993
B: Department: SOCIAL SCIENCES	New Course: X
	Revision of Course information form:
	DATED:
C: PSYCHOLOGY 341 Subject & Course No.  D: ABNORMAL PSYCHOLOGY Descriptive Title	E: 3 Semester Credit
F: Calendar Description: Students are introduced to basic issues in the of abnormal psychology and to a selection of midisorders. Topics include the history of psychology, paradigms, classification, assessment research methods, theories of etiology, and approaches to treatment.	ental ho-
G: Type of Instruction: Hours Per Week/ Per Semester	H: Course Prerequisites: Psy 200
Lecture 4 Hrs. Laboratory Hrs. Seminar Hrs. Clinical Experience Hrs. Field Experience Hrs. Practicum Hrs. Shop Hrs.	J. Course for which this course is a prerequisite
Student Directed Learning Hrs. Other Hrs.	K: Maximum Class Size: 35
TOTAL HOURS  L: College Credit Transfer X  College Credit Non-Transfer	M: Transfer Credit:  Requested X Granted  Specify Course Unassigned Credit as Appropriate) U.B.C. = Psy 204 (3) S.F.U. = Psy 241 (3) U.Vic.= Psy (1.5) 200 Level OTHER:
COURSE DESIGNER(S)  ON Likery.	SELECTION DEAN

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# N: Textbooks and materials to be Purchased by Students (Use Bibliographic Form):

Davison, G. & Neale, J. (1994). Abnormal Psychology, 6th edition, or similar text.

Text will be updated periodically.

#### Complete Form with Entries Under the Following Headings:

- O. Course Objectives; P. Course Content; Q. Method of Instruction;
- R. Course Evaluation
- O. COURSE OBJECTIVES

At the conclusion of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Define abnormality
- 2. Describe the perceived causes and treatments of abnormal behaviour prior to the twentieth century.
- 3. Describe the biological, psychoanalytic, learning, and cognitive paradigms of psychopathology.
- 4. Describe the therapies associated with each paradigm.
- 5. Evaluate each paradigm with regard to its strengths and weaknesses.
- 6. Describe the DSM-IV system of classifying mental disorders, the reason for using a diagnostic system, and the reliability of psychiatric diagnosis.
- 7. Describe clinical assessment techniques including unstructured and structured interviews, psychological inventories, projective tests, intelligence tests, psychophysiological assessments, and behavioural assessments.
- 8. Evaluate each assessment technique in terms of its reliability and validity.
- 9. Describe the case study, correlational, and experimental methods of scientific investigation.
- 10. Evaluate each method of investigation with regard to its strengths and weaknesses.

- O. COURSE OBJECTIVES cont'd
- 11. Describe the symptoms and associated features of anxiety disorders, somatoform disorders, dissociative disorders, personality disorders, substance use disorders, sexual disorders, schizophrenia, and childhood disorders.
- 12. Describe and evaluate the theories of etiology for each disorder.
- 13. Describe and evaluate the psychological and biological therapies for each disorder.
- 14. Describe and discuss issues relating to civil commitment and criminal responsibility.
- 15. Describe and discuss ethical dilemmas in therapy and research.
- P. COURSE CONTENT
  - 1. Historical and Scientific Considerations
    The nature of abnormality
    The mental health professions
    History of psychopathology
  - 2. Current Paradigms in Psychopathology and Treatment
    Biological paradigm
    Psychoanalytic paradigm
    Learning paradigm
    Cognitive paradigm
    Consequences of adopting paradigm
  - 3. Classification and Diagnosis
    Diagnostic system of the American Psychiatric Association
    Issues in classification
    Criticisms of diagnosis
  - 4. Clinical Assessment Procedures
    Reliability and validity
    Biological assessment
    Psychological assessment
    Cultural diversity and assessment
  - 5. Research Methods in the Study of Abnormal Psychology
    Science and scientific methods
    Research methods of abnormal psychology

### P. COURSE CONTENT - cont'd

- 6. Anxiety Disorders
  Description
  Theories of etiology
  Therapies
- 7. Somatoform and Dissociative Disorders
  Description
  Theories of etiology
  Therapies
- 8. Mood Disorders
  Descriptions
  Theories of etiology
  Therapies
- 9. Personality Disorders
  Description
  Theories of etiology
  Theraples
- 10. Substance Use Disorders (Focus on Alcohol)
  Description
  Theories of etiology
  Therapies
- 11. Sexual Disorders
  Description
  Theories of etiology
  Therapies
- 12. Schizophrenia and Other Psychotic Disorders
  Description
  Theories of etiology
  Therapies
- 13. Childhood Disorders
  Description
  Theories of etiology
  Therapies
- 14. Legal and Ethical issues
  Civil commitment
  Criminal responsibility
  Ethical issues

#### Q. METHOD OF INSTRUCTION

This course will employ a number of instructional methods to accomplish its objectives which will include some of the following:

- 1. Lectures
- 2. Seminar presentations
- 3. Audio-visual materials
- 4. Small group discussion
- 5. Research papers
- 6. Volunteer projects

## R. COURSE EVALUATION

Evaluation will be carried out in accordance with Douglas College policy and will include both formative and summative components. The instructor will present a written course outline with specific evaluation criteria at the beginning of the semester. Evaluation will be based on some of the following:

- 1. Multiple choice tests
- 2. Written answer tests
- 3. Final exam
- 4. Oral presentation
- 5. Research project/term paper
- 6. Volunteer project

An example of one evaluation scheme:

4 tests	40%
Mid term exam	15%
Term paper	15%
Oral presentation	10%
Final exam	20%
	100%

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