

EFFECTIVE: JANUARY 2002

CURRICULUM GUIDELINES

A:	Division:	INSTRUCTIONAL		Date:	MAY 2001	
B :	Department/ Program Area:	PSYCHOLOGY HUMANITIES & SOCIAL SCI	ENCES	New Cours e If Revision, Section(s) Revised:	Revision X R	
C:	PSYC 200			Date Last Revised: TO PSYCHOLOGY (II) ICAL PROCESSES	FEBRUARY 1998 E: 3	
	Subject & Course	e No.	Descriptive 7	Title	Semester Credits	
F:	Calendar Description: Psychology 200 provides an introduction to selected areas in the field of psychology. The focus of the course is on the investigation of major psychological processes such as emotion, motivation, personality, psychological disorders, therapy and social behaviour. Emphasis is placed on psychology as a natural science (theories, methodology, statistics).					
G:	Instruction/Learn Primary Methods	Allocation of Contact Hours to Types of nstruction/Learning Settings Primary Methods of Instructional Delivery and/or Learning Settings:		ourse Prerequisites: SYC 100 ourse Corequisites:		
	Letture		N	NONE		
	Number of Contact Hours: (per week / semester for each descriptor) Lecture: 4 hours per week / semester Number of Weeks per Semester: 14			ourse for which this Course is	a Prerequisite:	
			К. М 3:	aximum Class Size:		

PSYC 200: AN INTRODUCTION TO PSYCHOLOGY (II)

L:	PLEASE INDICATE:					
		Non-Credit				
		College Credit Non-Transfer				
	x	College Credit Transfer: Requested Granted X				
	SEE BC TRANSFER GUIDE FOR TRANSFER DETAILS (www.bccat.bc.ca)					
M:	Course Objectives/Learning Outcomes					
	The following are objectives for Psychology 200. At the conclusion of the course the student will be able to:					
	1. Define psychology and give examples of the different kinds of phenomena that psychologists study (i.e. th related to PSYC 200 content).					
	2.	Identify areas of specialization covered in PSYC 200 and list and describe the major perspectives in psychology.				
	3.	Define cognition and explain the role of concept formation, problem solving, reasoning and language in cognitive development.				
	4.	Describe how psychologist approach the study of intelligence, how intelligence is defined and measured, problems associated with measurement and how heredity and environment affect intelligence.				
	5.	Explain how behaviour is energized and directed by the complex mixture of motives and emotions and describe the various theories which have been developed to explain motivation and emotion.				
	6.	Identify the various perspectives that are common in the area of personality psychology and critically evaluate each in terms of its explanatory and predictive power.				
	7.	List and describe the major psychological disorders identify the various psychological therapies and critically evaluate each in terms of effectiveness.				
	8.	Discuss the issue of stress and its relationship to health and illness, and describe the various aspects of stress management.				
	9.	Explain the complex nature of social relations and social influence, (including conformity, compliance, persuasion, and group dynamics) and describe how psychologist investigate such phenomena as aggression, altruism, prejudice, attraction, conflict and peacemaking.				
	10.	Describe the experimental methodology and statistical approaches used in contemporary psychology.				
	11.	Write a report demonstrating basic knowledge of APA (American Psychological Association) style.				
N:	Cour	Course Content				
	1.	<u>Thinking and Language</u> Concept formation Problem solving and reasoning Artificial Intelligence				

PSYC 200: AN INTRODUCTION TO PSYCHOLOGY (II)

Subject and Course Number

Language structure and development Animal language 2. Intelligence The measurement of intelligence Principles of test construction The nature of intelligence Nature vs. Nurture and intelligence Course Content Cont'd. 3. Motivation and Emotion Concepts of motivation Hunger, sexuality and achievement motivation The physiology of emotion The expression and experience of emotion Theories of emotion 4. Personality, Psychological Disorders and Health Theories and perspectives in personality Psychological disorders (definition and classification) - anxiety disorders, somatoform disorders, dissociative disorders, affective disorders, schizophrenic disorders, personality disorders Therapies - Psychological therapies - Biomedical therapies Effectiveness of therapies - Health - Stress and illness - Pain and its control - Stress management 5. Social Behaviour Social influence - conformity, compliance, attitudes and group dynamics Social Relations - aggression, altruism, prejudice, attraction, conflict and peacemaking Social Psychology theories and applications 0: **Methods of Instruction**

The primary method of instruction will be the lecture, but the course may involve various other methods of instruction such as small group activities, discussion groups, seminars, oral presentation, laboratory demonstrations, field trips, computer simulations, video tapes, film, guest lecturers, etc.

PSYC 200: AN INTRODUCTION TO PSYCHOLOGY (II)

Subject and Course Number

P: Textbooks and Materials to be Purchased by Students (Use Bibliographic Form):

Myers, David. 2001. <u>Psychology</u>. (6th edition.) New York: Worth Publishers

Q: Means of Assessment

The course evaluation will be based on the course objectives and in accordance with Douglas College policy and the policies of the Psychology Department. A minimum of 50% of students grades will be based upon objective multiple choice questions from a text-related test bank. A minimum of 10% of students' grades will be based upon questions requiring written answers at least a paragraph in length. A maximum of 10% of students grades may be based on attendance and participation. A report requiring elements of APA style, as outlined in a psychology faculty approved introduction to APA style guide, will be required. Other methods of evaluation may include laboratory projects, oral presentations, computer simulations, etc. The specific evaluation criteria will be provided by the instructor at the beginning of the semester.

Means of Assessment Cont'd.

One example of an evaluation scheme

Four multiple choice tests at 15% each60%One written final exam20%Computer simulations5%Attendance and participation5%Research projet and APA report10%100%

R: Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition: specify whether course is open for PLAR

No. Given that this course involves analyses of introductory Psychology theory and concepts, it is unlikely to be open for PLAR except as a credit transfer from another institution.

Course Designer(s)

Education Council/Curriculum Committee Representative

Dean/Director

Registrar

© Douglas College. All Rights Reserved.