

B: Faculty: LANGUAGE, LITERATURE & PERFORMING

A: Division: INSTRUCTIONAL

COURSE INFORMATION

Date: NOVEMBER, 1997

New Course:

					Revision of Co		EMBER 1994
C:	PRFU 201		D:	LANGUAGE	,	E:	3
Subject and Course Number		Descriptive Title		Semester Credit			
on ways to texts.	lar Description: This cou to identify different styles Students will learn to and teness to given situations	s of writi Llyze wri	ng, to ui	nderstand the rela	tion between sty	le and conte	nt, and to predict readers
Summary	of Revisions: (date & se	ection)		С,Н,Ј,М А,В,Н,N,О,Р,R			
G: Type of instruction: Hrs per week Lecture: 2 hrs				ourse Prerequisite	S		
Lecture: 2 Laboratory: Seminar: 2 Clinical Experience:		hrs hrs hrs		rse Corequisites			
Field Expe Practicum Shop: Studio:	erience: 1:	hrs hrs hrs hrs hrs		UNE urse for which th None	is Course is a Pr	erequisite	
Student D Learning: Other (spe Total:	ecify)	hrs hrs hrs	K: Maximum Class Size:				
			M: Ti	ansfer Credit	Requested		
	College Credit Transfer	x			Granted:	х	
Colle	ge Credit Non-Transfer Non-Credit		UBC: SFU: I U Vic	y Course Equiva ARTS 1 (3) ENGL (3) : See BC Transf		ned Credit as	s appropriate:
ourse Des	Pray(gher(s) n ela	loo el	rde 	nator	Vice-Presiden Registrar	mit.	H.D.

N. Textbooks and materials to be purchased by students.

Brown, G. and Yule, G. Discourse Analysis. Cambridge, 1983.

Vande Kopple, William. Clear and Coherent Prose. Scott, Foresman and Company, 1989.

O. COURSE OBJECTIVES

Students will become familiar with theories of genre, principles of classical rhetoric, and models of reading comprehension. They will develop techniques for analyzing texts in response to generic conventions, rhetorical profile, and readability. They will learn to apply theory and analytic techniques to writing tasks.

P. COURSE CONTENT

1. Genres and their social contexts

The student will

- a) become familiar with theories of genre which describe the relations between genre and context i.e. between styles of writing and the distinct situations which these styles serve;
- b) analyze samples of genres to determine the conventions i.e., the regular forms of expression, organization and situation which distinguish them from one another;
- c) examine the role of innovation in different types of writing, and the opportunities for and constraints on individual writers' innovations.

2. Reader and text

The student will

- a) become familiar with research on reading comprehension which explains the roles of word choice, grammar, coherence, and format in the reader's experience of text:
- b) become familiar with basic principles of classical rhetoric which help to explain the success or failure of texts in addressing their readers;
- c) become familiar with current explanations of the role that conventions of style and organization play in the reader's comprehension;
- d) analyze text samples to (i) describe their genre features and rhetorical profile, and (ii) estimate the ease with which the intended reader could understand and use the text;
- e) complete exercises on the functional linguistic approach to coherence (Vande Kopple).

P. COURSE CONTENT - cont'd

3. Writer and text

The student will

- a) compose examples of specific genres, consulting the genre descriptions devised;
- b) evaluate writing in light of conventions of style and organization, rhetorical profile, and models of the way readers understand or fail to understand what they are reading.

4. <u>Techniques of analysis</u>

The student will

- a) learn and apply techniques for analyzing (i) a text's patterns of abstract and concrete reference, and (ii) its levels of generality and their arrangement;
- b) learn and apply techniques for analyzing grammatical features crucial to reading comprehension;
- c) learn and apply techniques for analyzing a text's patterns of coherence;
- d) learn and apply techniques for analyzing the role of background knowledge in a text;
- e) use these techniques to develop descriptions of different types of writing;
- f) use these techniques to estimate appropriateness and readability of texts;
- g) learn how to use interview techniques (e.g. think-aloud protocols) to elicit readers' responses to texts, and to use the results of these interviews in the drafting or revision process.

Q. METHOD OF INSTRUCTION

In lectures, the instructor will introduce theory and demonstrate analytic techniques. In seminars, students will practice analysis of sample texts and of their own writing. In fieldwork, students will gather data on readers' comprehension by conducting and recording interviews with readers. In their written assignments, students will provide analyses using the theories and techniques introduced in lecture, and they will compose in the genres they have analyzed.

R. EVALUATION

Rhetorical Analysis	10%
Genre Analyses (3)	50%
Report of Reader Interview (think-alouds)	20%
Genre Sample and Analysis	20%
·	100%