



A: Division: **Instructional** Date: **27 April 1999**

B: Department/
Program Area: **Science and Technology** New Course Revision

If Revision, Section(s)
Revised: **H, M, N
1999-04-27**

Date Last Revised: **27 May 1997**

C: **Phys 110** D: **Mechanics & Heat** E: **5**

Subject & Course No.	Descriptive Title	Semester Credits
F: Calendar Description: This is a calculus-based course in mechanics and heat. Topics include vectors; particle kinematics and dynamics; momentum; work & energy; motion of systems; rotational motion; statics; oscillatory motion; wave motion; sound; temperature, thermal properties of matter, elements of thermodynamics.		
G: Allocation of Contact Hours to Types of Instruction/Learning Settings: Primary Methods of Instructional Delivery and/or Learning Settings: Lecture/Laboratory Number of Contact Hours: (per week / semester for each descriptor) 7 Number of Weeks per Semester: 14	H: Course Prerequisites: Physics 12 (C or higher) & BC Principles of Math 12 (C or higher)	
	I. Course Corequisites: Math 120 <i>X</i> <i>added Jan 31/2000 MD</i>	
	J. Course for which this Course is a Prerequisite: Phys 210	
	K. Maximum Class Size: 36	
L: PLEASE INDICATE: <input type="checkbox"/> Non-Credit <input type="checkbox"/> College Credit Non-Transfer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> College Credit Transfer: Requested <input type="checkbox"/> Granted <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
SEE BC TRANSFER GUIDE FOR TRANSFER DETAILS (www.bccat.bc.ca)		

- M: Course Objectives/Learning Outcomes:** The student will:
- 1) demonstrate an understanding of the basic principles and laws of mechanics and heat;
 - 2) be able to apply the theory to the solution of problems and to the development of equations required to describe particular examples not covered formally in the classroom;
 - 3) perform laboratory experiments and analyse the data obtained using appropriate graphing techniques, scientific notation, significant figures, and experimental uncertainty consideration;
 - 4) be able to write formal laboratory reports and in the conventional format required of submissions to journals in physics.

N: Course Content**1. Mechanics**

Kinematics of a Particle: one dimension
 Velocity and acceleration
 Rectilinear motion with constant acceleration

Vectors:

Vector versus scalar
 Vector addition
 Unit vector notation
 Multiplication of vectors

Kinematics of a Particle: two dimensions

Projectile motion
 Uniform circular motion
 Relative velocity

Dynamics of a Particle:

Newton's laws of motion
 Friction
 Centripetal force

Work and Energy:

Work done by constant and variable forces
 Kinetic energy
 Gravitational potential energy
 Elastic potential energy
 Conservative and non-conservative forces
 Power
 Work-energy theorem
 Conservation of energy
 Relative mass and energy

System of Particles:

Centre of mass determination
 Centre of mass motion
 Conservation of linear momentum
 Impulse
 Collisions

Rotational Motion:

Kinematics of pure rotation
 Torque and moment of inertia
 Dynamics of pure rotation
 Angular momentum

Statics:

Conditions for equilibrium
 Equilibrium of a rigid body

Oscillatory Motion:

Simple harmonic motion
 Pendulum motion

Gravitation:

Law of gravitation

Wave motion:

Mechanical waves
 Wave speed
 Harmonic waves
 Superposition Principle
 Interference of waves
 Standing waves
 Resonance in air columns
 Doppler effect

2. Heat:

Temperature
 Thermal properties of matter
 Elements of thermodynamics

3. Laboratory Experiments:

One-dimensional Motion
 Projectile Motion
 Friction/Application of Newton's Laws
 Friction Work/Conservation of Energy
 Collisions
 Rotational Motion: Kinematics and Dynamics
 Static Equilibrium
 Hooke's Law and Simple Harmonic Motion
 Standing Waves/Resonance
 Thermal Expansion of Solids
 Heat Capacity/Conservation of Energy

O: Methods of Instruction

Classroom time will be divided between the presentation and discussion of basic concepts on the one hand and the application of these concepts in problem solving (working through examples and problems contained in the textbook) on the other, with the majority of time devoted to the latter. The laboratory program will involve weekly three hour sessions during which students will perform a set number of experiments.

P: Textbooks and Materials to be Purchased by Students

Halliday, D., R. Resnick, & Walker, G. Fundamentals of Physics, Fifth Edition, Wiley, 1997

Douglas College, Physics 110 Laboratory Experiments

Q: Means of Assessment

The final grade assigned for the course will be based upon the following components:

1. Final examination - maximum of 30%
2. Minimum of three tests administered during the semester
 - minimum of 45% / maximum of 50%; and
3. Submitted laboratory reports
 - minimum of 20% / maximum of 25%.

R: Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition: specify whether course is open for PLAR

No

Course Designer(s)

Dean/Director

Education Council/Curriculum Committee Representative

Registrar