DOUGLAS COLLEGE

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COURSE INFORMATION

DEPARTMENT HUMANITIES			DAT	E DECEMBER 10, 19
PHILOSOPHY 102	VALUES AND	CONTEMPORARY IS	SSUES	3
AME & NUMBER OF COURSE		SCRIPTIVE TITLE	 	SEMESTER HOURS CREDIT
ATALOGUE DESCRIPTION: HOW INK MORE CLEARLY AND HUMANLY AS INGS WHO ARE GENUINELY RESPONS ESTIONS BY EXPLORING THE MORAL CIAL AND SEXUAL DISCRIMINATION ENDEAVORS TO LEAD THE STUDENT VE RISE TO OUR PERPLEXITIES CONTINUES OF THE COLUMN TO THE COLUMN THE COLUMN TO THE COLUMN THE	BOUT ISSUES CONFRONTING IVE TO OUR OWN NEEDS AND AND HUMAN ISSUES INVOLUTE INTO AN UNDERSTANDING OF INCERNING THEM. THIS COUNTY INTO AN UNDERSTANDING OF INTO THE FOR INTO THE FOR INTO THE FOR FERENT TOPICS. SO INDI	OUR LIVES AND OUR D TO THE NEEDS OF VED IN SUCH TOPICS HE "MORAL MAJORITY THE MORE DEEL R URSE WILL SERVE S RMAT AND TOPICS ME ERS ON SOMES PECT	SOCIETY? HOW OTHERS? THIS CO AS ABORTION, CO ", CAPITALISM, O OOTED PHILOSPHIC FOUNDATION FO Y VANY. SOME CO THE TO THE RE OURSE DESCRIPTION	CAN WE LIVE AS AWARE OURSE CONSIDERS THESE APITAL PUNISHMENT, AND TECHNOLOGY; AND CAL PROBLEMS WHICH OR FURTHER WORK IN OURSE-SECTIONS MAY ELATION OF MORALITY TO
OURS PER WEEK OR FACH STUDENT OLLEGE CREDIT	LECTURE LABORATORY SEMINAR COLLEGE CRED	THE STU	LD EXPERIENCE DENT DIRECTED ER (SPECIFY) NON-CREE	TOTAL 4
TRANSFER X RANSFER INFORMATION NY TWO DOUGLAS COLLEGE PHILOSO REDIT FOR UBC'S PHIL 100 AND A 00 & 201, EXCEPT THAT D.C.'S P ECEIVE CREDIT FOR UBC'S 102. HILOSOPHY COURSES FROM B.C. NI HIL 100. SEE TRANSFER GUIDE. FU EQUIVALENCY: Phi 120	HI 101 & 201 TOGETHER AT U. VIC ANY TWO LL RECEIVE CREDIT FOR		UNASSICNED (if unassigned ulty)	REDIT
B. Devis and COURSE DESIGNER DEPARAMENT HEAD	A. Pan	DEAN OF PRINCI	W. L.	AND INSTRUCTION
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RSES FOR WHICH THIS A PRETEQUISITE: None

Recommended for 151 and 250

RELATED COURSES:
Phi 151 and 250

TEXTBOOKS, REFERENCES, MATERIALS (LIST READING RESOURCES FLSEWHERE) 2 or 3 of the following:

Olson, Robert G., Ethics: A Short Introduction, Random House, 1978.

Duncan, A.R.C., Moral Philosophy, C.B.C.

Singer, Peter., Practical Ethics, Cambridge, 1980.

Abelson & Prequenon, Ethics for Modern Life, St. Martins's, 1975

Baum, Robert, Ethical Arguments for Analysis, 2nd Ed, Holt and Rinehart, 1975.

Regan, Thomas, Matters of Life and Death,

Wasserstrom, Richard, ed., Morality and the Law, Wadsworth.

COURSE OBJECTIVES, CONTENT, METHOD, EVALUATION:

By the end of the semester the student should have:

- 1. Thought in a meaningful way about some of the major contemporary ethical issues.
- 2. Learned how to develop personal philosophical parties in lation to some of these issues.
- 3. Examined some contemporary theorizing about the lines by moral philosophers who have wrestled with them and attempted to formulate plusions in a rational and critical manner.
- 4. Become familiar with some of the fundamental philosophical problems which underlie these issues, through the reading of classical and modern hilosophical theories.

Recognized that critical thinking is impressed to handle the complexities inherent in modern moral issues and that simple answers and thought ess actions are dangerous.responses.

CONTENT:

- 1. The course will primarily involve examination of current ethical issues which are of general interest to the student. For example,
 - a) The morality of taking numer life: Mortion, euthanasia, suicide, capital punishment, war.
 b) The relation of morality to be law: The "moral majority", paternalism, civil libertarianism,
 - pornography, drugs, centorship.

 c) The just treatment of relation beings: Racisim, sexism, affirmative action, animal liberation, poverty and famine.
 - d) The direction of culture and civilization: Technology, t.v. and violence, eugenics, education and indoctrination, ecology, capitalism, socialism,
- 2. Through the examination of the types of issues in #1, students will learn the general dialogical method of developing their own moral perspective and will be acquainted with various philosophical methods for confronting moral issues (e.g. analytic, existential, phenomenalogical, pragmatic).
- 3. Through the examination of the types of issues in #1, students will also become acquainted with a) different types of postures in ethics (e.g. subjectivism/objectivism, egoism/altruism, individualism/authoritarianism, relativism/universalism) as they relate both to personal and social morality;
 - b) different ethical theories (e.g. utilitarian, formal, deontological, pragmatic, existential, and situational; and
 - c) different kinds or levels of ethics -- descriptive, normative and meta-ethical.

THOD:

ne course will be taught by a combination of informal lecture and structured discussion. Class participation will be encouraged throughout all aspects of the course. As dialogue is essential to philosophical growth, time will be allowed for in-depth, "give and take" discussions between individual students and the instructor and between individual students and other students, as well as for more general class discussions. Students may be invited to participate in class-instruction, if they so desire, by giving seminars. Some audio-visual materials, focusing on particular ethical problems, or the understanding of such problems, will be used.

EVALUATION:

Two Formal Presentations (Essays, Seminar, Reports, etc.)	40%
Test (One or two)	20%
Other Evaluation (Options determined by the instructor)	20%
Instructor's General Evaluation * (Quizzes, Participation, Improvement, or short assignments)	20%

^{*} Factors to be explained the first day of class

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