

EFFECTIVE: SEPTEMBER 2004 CURRICULUM GUIDELINES

A.	Division:	Instruction	Effect	ive Date:		September 2004	
В.	Department / Program Area:	Faculty of Child, Family and Community Studies Program of Sign Language Interpretation	Revisi	on	X	New Course	
			If Rev Revise	ision, Section(s)		С,Ј,Н	
			Date of	f Previous Revision		27 November 2002	
C:	INTR 1275	D: Pre-Interpro		f Current Revision	:	16 February 2004 E: 3.5	
	Subject & Cour	rse No. Descript	tive Title		Sem	nester Credits	
F:	Calendar Description: In this course, students will demonstrate advanced ASL skills, incorporating humour appropriately. ASL utterances will reflect appropriate time sequence and detail. Developing skills includes expansion techniques, use of classifiers, locatives and ASL mouthing.						
G:	Allocation of Contact Hours to Type of Instruction / Learning Settings 75 hours Primary Methods of Instructional Delivery and/or Learning Settings: 60 hours Lecture 15 hours lab Number of Contact Hours: (per week / semester for each descriptor) 5 hours per week 75 hours per semester		I	ourse Prerequisites NTR 1175 + or better	:		
			I: C	ourse Corequisites:	None		
				J: Course for which this Course is a Prerequisite INTR 2375			
	Number of Weel 15 weeks	ks per Semester:	K: M 10	aximum Class Size	e:		
L:	PLEASE INDIC	CATE:					
	Non-Credi	t					
	X College Cr	X College Credit Non-Transfer					
	College Cr	College Credit Transfer:					
	SEE BC TRANSFER GUIDE FOR TRANSFER DETAILS (www.bccat.bc.ca)						

M:	Course Objectives / Learning Outcomes						
191.	Upon successful completion of this course, the s	tudent v	ident will be able to:				
	1. Incorporate all seven ASL expan						
	2. Incorporate visual discourse mai						
	3. Use classifiers and .3D space effe						
	4. Adapt ASL discourse to contextu	•	•				
			course using proper pausing/phrasing, role shift and				
	discourse markers.		course using proper pausing privating, role sint and				
N:		de the c	lesion and delivery of this course:				
	 ASL tends to be highly descriptive and detailed as well as narrative in nature. ASL uses seven expansions of ASL techniques to communicate clearly. These techniques include utilising 3D space, explaining by examples, contrasting, describing-then-doing, reiterating, couching (or nesting) and faceting. Fluent users of ASL structure discourse according to real-time sequencing and have a diverse semantic range in which classifiers, spatial locatives, directional verbs and affect markers are used to provide specific semantic information. Fluent ASL signers use correct grammatical structure and are able to incorporate sign sequencing with visual grammatical markers to communicate in a variety of registers. They can adapt their language to linguistic rules of various contexts, including special ways of communicating with Deaf children and youth. Native users of a language provide a rich resource for learning the nuances and complexities of conversational forms of that language and cultural norms of group interaction. Language and culture cannot be separated. Deaf people rely on ASL narrative to portray themselves and reaffirm their identities as members of a distinct cultural group. Therefore, 						
	literature provides an excellent medium for studying culture and is a vital component of any						
	foreign language study.						
0:	Methods of Instruction						
	1. Lecture/practice						
	2. Modeling, shadowing						
	3. Use of camera/video tapes, as well as live models.						
P:	Textbooks and Materials to be Purchased by Students T.B.A.						
Q :	Means of Assessment: This course will conform	ment: This course will conform to Douglas College policy regarding the number and					
	weighting of evaluations.						
	1. Adherence to college evaluation	policy	regarding numbering and weighing of evaluations,				
	i.e., a course of three credits or n	ore sh	ould include at least five separate evaluations.				
	2. A combination of evaluation						
	demonstrate different ways of kr	owing,	i.e., oral, individual, group, narrative, research.				
	3. A developmental approach to evaluation that is sequenced and progressive.						
	4. Evaluation being used as a teaching and learning tool for both students and instructors.						
	5. Commitment to student participation in evaluation through such processes as self and peer evaluation, participation in instrument design and program/instructor evaluation. This is a						
R:	graded course.						
к:	Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition						
	This course is available for PLAR.						
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Course	e Designer(s) Cheryl Palmer		Education Council / Curriculum Committee Representative				
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Deco	Ion Lindoor		Decistrer				
Dean:	Jan Lindsay		Registrar				

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