

EFFECTIVE: SEPTEMBER 2006 CURRICULUM GUIDELINES

A:	Division:	EDUCATION	Effe	ective Date:	SEPTEMBER 2006		
В:	Department / Program Area:	CRIMINOLOGY/ FACULTY OF HUMANITIES & SOCIAL SCIENCES	Rev	vision	New Course X		
		200222022		Revision, Section(s)			
				vised: e of Previous Revisio	on:		
				e of Current Revision			
C:	CRIM 33			EORETICAL TIVES	E: 3		
	Subject & Cou	urse No. Des	criptiv	ve Title	Semester Credits		
F:	Calendar Description: This course explores the diverse nature of theory within the field of crime and deviance by focusing on modern, post-modern and post-critical theories. The selected paradigms are studied with regard to their explanatory domain, role in examining social and criminological problems and research implications.						
G:	Allocation of Co Learning Setting	ontact Hours to Type of Instruction /	Н:	Course Prerequisite	es:		
	Primary Methods of Instructional Delivery and/or Learning Settings:			CRIM 1150 and CRIM 2251 and CRIM 2252 and SOCI 1125 (and acceptance into a degree program)			
	Lecture						
			I:	Course Corequisite	es:		
	Number of Contact Hours: (per week /semester for each descriptor)			NONE			
	Lecture:	4 hrs. per week / semester	J:	Course for which t	his Course is a Prerequisite		
	Number of Weeks per Semester: 15			NONE			
			K:	Maximum Class Si	ize:		
				35			
L:	PLEASE INDIC	CATE:					
	Non-Cree	dit					
	College (Credit Non-Transfer					
	X College (Credit Transfer:					
	SEE BC TRANS	SFER GUIDE FOR TRANSFER DETA	www.bctransferguid	e.ca)			

M: Course Objectives / Learning Outcomes

At the conclusion of the course, the successful student will be able to:

- 1. Define sociological paradigms and concepts.
- 2. Describe the role of law, the definition of crime and the image of the criminal.
- 3. Read research articles critically.
- 4. Apply advanced theoretical concepts to crime, the Canadian criminal justice system and real-world events.
- 5. Determine what constitutes good theory.
- 6. Describe, comprehend and critically assess advanced theories of deviance, crime and social control.
- Apply specific theoretical perspectives to the exploration of how deviance and crime are created and maintained.
- 8. Identify the links between the ideas of justice, deviance, law and punishment.
- 9. Identify and situate theories of deviance and crime into larger theoretical paradigms within the social sciences.

N: Course Content

1. Introduction and Overview

- Reviewing sociological paradigms and concepts
- Human nature and human behaviour
- Society and social order
- The role of law, the definition of crime, and the image of the criminal
- Social context and theories
- Determining what is good theory
- Theoretical diversity

2. Theories and Perspectives

- Phenomenology
- Conflict theories of crime
- Marxist theories of crime
- Feminist theories of crime
- Masculinist theories of crime
- Left Realism
- Modern Strain Theory
- Modern Social Control Theory
- Integrative theories
- Peacemaking criminology
- Post-modernist theories of crime

3. Theoretical Issues

- Criminal justice and public policy

O: Methods of Instruction

The course will employ a variety of instructional methods to accomplish its objectives, including some of the following:

- lectures
- seminar presentations
- audiovisual material including video
- small group discussions
- research projects
- research papers

P:	Textbooks and Materials to be Purchased by Students Texts will be updated periodically. Typical examples are:						
	Garland, David. (1993). Punishment and Modern Society: A Study in Social Theory. Chicago: University of Chicago Press.Foucault, Michele. (1977). Discipline and Punish: The Birth of Prison. USA: Pantheon Books.Additional texts include:						
	Christie, Nils. (2004). A Suitable Amount of Crime. London: Routledge.						
Q:	Means of Assessment						
	Evaluation will be based on course objectives and will be carried out in accordance with Douglas College policy. The instructor will provide a written course outline with specific evaluation criteria at the beginning of the semester. Evaluation will be based on some of the following:						
	 Short answer tests Exams Oral presentations Research project/term project Class participation Journal assignment/weekly questions 						
	An example of a possible evaluation scheme would be:						
	Weekly questions Term Paper Midterm exam Final exam	30% 30% 20% 20%	(6 assignments to total 30%)				
R:	Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition: specify whether course is open for PLAR						
	Under review.						
Course Designer(s): Lorree Bogden				Education Council / Curriculum Committee Representative			
Dean / Director				Registrar			

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