

## **EFFECTIVE: SEPTEMBER 2007** CURRICULUM GUIDELINES

A.	Division: Education		Ef	Effective Date:		September 2007	
B.	Department / Program Area:	Faculty of Science & Technolog Biology	y Re	evision		New Course	X
	riogram rica.	Diology	Re Da	Revision, Section(s) evised: ate of Previous Revision ate of Current Revision		1	
C:	BIOL 3205	D: GENETICS				E: 5	
	Subject & Cour		Descri	ptive Title		Semester Crea	lits
F:	Calendar Descrij	ption:					
	This course is the study of the principles of genetics. Topics covered include the physical and chemical basis of heredity, genetic analysis in eukaryotes, prokaryotes and viruses, mutation; population genetics and evolution						
G:	Allocation of Contact Hours to Type of Instruction / Learning Settings Primary Methods of Instructional Delivery and/or Learning Settings:		H:	Course Prerequisites			
				BIOL 1210 or BIOI or permission of ins			
	Lecture/Tutoria	Lecture/Tutorial (problem solving)/Laboratory Number of Contact Hours:		Course Corequisites:			
	Number of Conta			Course for which this	Cour	so is a Proroquisita	
	Lecture/tutorial 4 hours/week Laboratory /practical 3 hours/week		J:	none	s Cours		
	Number of Weeks per Semester:		K:	Maximum Class Size	e:		
	15			27			
L:	: PLEASE INDICATE:						
	Non-Credit	t					
	College Cr	edit Non-Transfer					
	X College Cr	edit Transfer:					
	SEE BC TRANSFER GUIDE FOR TRANSFER DETAILS (www.bctransferguide.ca)						

ſ	M:	Course Objectives / Learning Outcomes			
		Upon completion of this course, students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of the principles of classical and modern genetics, including being able to:			
		1. Describe the physical basis of heredity.			
		2. Describe the experimental basis of Mendelian inheritance.			
		3. Describe sex-determining mechanisms in a wide variety of organisms.			
		4. Describe non-Mendelian inheritance, including linkage, sex-linkage, sex-influenced inheritance, sex- limited inheritance, multiple allelism, multigenic inheritance, and extra-chromosomal inheritance.			
		5.	Interpret pedigrees to determine modes of inheritance of genetic anomalies in humans.		
		6.	Derive chromosome maps by a variety of techniques, including the analysis of: 6.1. testcross data in higher organisms 6.2. tetrad analysis in fungi		
			6.3. conjugation, transduction and transformation experiments in bacteria		
		7.	Describe the cytological and biochemical basis of mutation and mutagenesis.		
		8.	Describe the structure, replication, and functions of nucleic acids.		
		9.	Describe the process of protein synthesis and the control of protein synthesis in bacteria and in higher organisms.		
		10.	Describe the genetic control of metabolism.		
		11. Describe the genetics of populations, including Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium, genetic drift, the effects of selection on allele frequencies and the evolutionary implications of population genetics.			
		12. Perform and interpret genetic experiments with a variety of organisms.			
		13. Describe the genetic basis of evolutionary theory.			
		14.	Use general principles of genetics to discuss current issues.		
-	N:	Со	urse Content:		
		The major topics in the course include the following:			
		1.	Mechanics of Inheritance, including: 1.1. mitosis 1.2. meiosis 1.3. life cycles 1.4. crossing-over		
		2.	<ul> <li>Mendelian Inheritance, including:</li> <li>2.1. monohybrid inheritance and the Law of Segregation</li> <li>2.2. dihybrid inheritance and the Law of Independent Assortment</li> <li>2.3. allelic relationships</li> <li>2.4. use of testcrosses</li> </ul>		
		3.	Probability and Statistics, including:		

- 3.1. solving genetic problems using probability rules3.2. use of the Chi Square test

- 4. Non-Mendelian Inheritance, including:
  - 4.1. linkage
  - 4.2. sex-linked inheritance
  - 4.3. sex-influenced inheritance
  - 4.4. sex-limited inheritance
  - 4.5. gene interactions (including epistasis, complementation, duplicate genes)
  - 4.6. multiple allelism
  - 4.7. multigenic inheritance
  - 4.8. inheritance of quantitative (multifactorial) traits
  - 4.9. extra-chromosomal inheritance
- 5. Chromosome mapping in eukaryotes, including:
  - 5.1. 2 point testcross
  - 5.2. 3 point testcross
- 6. Sex determination and sex differentiation, including:
  - 6.1. the XY system
  - 6.2. the ZW system
  - 6.3. the XO system
  - 6.4. the haplo-diploid system
- 7. Dosage compensation.
- 8. Changes in Chromosome Number, including:
  - 8.1. aneuploidy
  - 8.2. polyploidy
- 9. Changes in Chromosome Structure, including:
  - 9.1. duplication
  - 9.2. deletion
  - 9.3. inversion
  - 9.4. translocations (pericentric and paracentric)
- 10. Gene mutation and mutagenesis
- 11. Nucleic acid structure and replication
- 12. Protein Synthesis 12.1. transcription 12.2. translation
- 13. Control of gene expression13.1. in prokaryotes13.2. in eukaryotes
- 14. Microbial genetics, including:
  14.1. prototrophs and auxotrophs
  14.2. replica plating
  14.3. transformation, transduction and conjugation
  14.4. gene mapping
- 15. Viral genetics, including: 15.1. DNA Viruses 15.2. retroviruses
- 16. Transposable Elements, including: 16.1. DNA transposons16.2. retrotransposons

- 17. Population genetics and evolution, including:17.1. Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium17.2. effects of genetic drift and selection
- 18. Laboratory Exercises
  - 18.1. mitosis in onion roots
  - 18.2. chi square (corn crosses)
  - 18.3. gene mapping in Drosophila
  - 18.4. polytene chromosomes
  - 18.5. plant viruses

18.6. population genetics (models of drift and selection; field study)

## **DOUGLAS COLLEGE SIGNATURE ELEMENTS:**

## Core Competencies:

a. Oral, written and interpersonal communication:

Laboratory assignments, in-class assignments, problem sets and all examinations in this course will include writing. Students will work collaboratively in groups on class assignments, problem sets and lab activities.

b. Computational and Information Technology

Students will use computer technology for all research activities associated with laboratory and reading assignments.

c. Critical and Creative Thinking

Critical thinking will be essential in problem solving and in analysis of genetic questions in class, tutorial and lab activities.

d. Teamwork

Students will work in groups on in-class analysis of genetic problems, take-home problem sets, discussion of literature papers, and collection and analysis of lab data.

## Academic Signature:

a. Applied Skills (laboratory)

Students will learn a wide range of laboratory skills typical of genetic investigation and will utilize genetic principles to solve problems involving many practical applications.

b. Ethical behaviour and social responsibility

Discussion of ethics and social responsibility will occur regarding many issues in the course including the social responsibility of scientists (especially geneticists), genetic manipulation of plants and animals, selective termination of embryos, patenting of life forms, etc.

c. Intercultural, International and Global Perspective

Many current genetic issues considered in this course are of global importance and many international applications of genetic principles and technology will be discussed. Discussions of ethical and social issues will foster an intercultural perspective.

BIOL 3205 - Genetics

0:	Methods of Instruction						
	This course involves four hours per week of classroom instruction and three hours per week of laboratory activity. Classroom work will include lectures and tutorials, and is integrated with textbook, scientific journal readings and problem assignments. The laboratory work is designed to complement the theory content of the course, to develop both specific and general lab skills, and to provide exposure to a variety of organisms commonly used as model systems for the study of genetics.						
	Instructor tutoring and lectures Discussion groups Practical applications and lab exercises Self-study via print or online materials Reading and problem solving assignments						
	reading and problem sorting assignments						
P:	Textbooks and Materials to be Purchased by Students						
	Will be decided by course instructors. Potential resources include:						
	Snustad, P.D., and Simmons, M.J. (2005) <u>Principles of Genetics 4th Edition</u> . John Wiley & Sons Inc. Publishers, New York, USA						
Q:	Means of Assessment						
	TYPE OF EVALUATION POINTS						
	Assignments and tests10-20Midterm exams (2)30-40Final comprehensive exam30-35Lab reports10-20						
	TOTAL 100						
	Grades: A+ 95-100       A 90-94       A- 85-89       B+ 80-84       B 75-79       B- 70-74         C+ 65-69       C 60-64       C- 55-59       P 50-54       F 0-49						
R:	Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition: specify whether course is open for PLAR						
	There is no provision for PLAR, other than normally done by examining transcripts and comparing course outlines of biology courses taken within the last five years to the Biology 3205 course outline.						

Course Designer(s): Gerry Meister

Education Council / Curriculum Committee Representative

Dean / Director: Des Wilson

Registrar

© Douglas College. All Rights Reserved.