An Aboriginal Essential Skills Journey

Planting the Seeds for Growth



FACILITATOR GUIDE





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Documents Re-Printed with Permission:

SkillPlan - BC Construction Industry Skills Improvement Council -MeasureUp Activity Sets Coast Salish Employment & Training Society - 9 Essential Skills (English and Hul'Q'umi'num)



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HOW TO USE THIS FACILITATOR GUIDE

The Participant Workbook

The Facilitator Guide for An Aboriginal Essential Skills Journey...Planting the Seeds for Growth has been designed to complement An Aboriginal Essential Skills Journey...Planting the Seeds for Growth Participant Workbook. Therefore, the two packages must be used together when delivering the workshop.

In an effort to keep the Facilitator Guide as short and easy to use as possible, references are made to activities and information pages located in the Participant Workbook rather than include copies of these documents in the Facilitator Guide. This means that no document appears in both the Facilitator Guide and in the Participant Workbook.

A page number or Appendix number is included for every document referenced in the Facilitator Guide.

The Participant Workbook is intended to be a "workbook" in which participants record their answers, cut out templates, and track their progress. It is a "working" document. It is important participants undertand this.

Layout of the Facilitator Guide

The Guide is divided into 6 sections, each with its own title page.

- Opening the Workshop
- Part 1: The What's and Why's of Essential Skills
- Part 2: Essential Skills Stories
- Part 3: Essential Skills Resources
- Part 4: Assessing Essential Skills
- · Closing the Workshop

In addition there are 7 Appendices:

- Appendix 1: Group Sort
- Appendix 2: Gathering at Spirit Lake
- Appendix 3: Spirit Lake Answer Keys
- Appendix 4: Essential Skills Resources
- Appendix 5: Essential Skills Common Language Review
- Appendix 6: Answer Keys (Except Spirit Lake)
- Appendix 7: Other Workshop Documents



Answer Keys

All Answer Keys are located in the Appendices (Appendix 3 and 6) rather than in the body of the Guide. The one exception are the Measure Up activities - the answers for these are in the Participant Workbook.

Delivery Procedures

Delivery procedures and suggestions are written in point form to make reading easier. Bulleted points are grouped under **headings** (see sample next page) which refer to the the names of documents located in the Participant Workbook or in the Appendices of the Facilitator Guide, or to specific topics being addressed. In other words, the Facilitator Guide is organized chronologically according to workshop activities.

Directions for Activities

Directions for activities are detailed in the activity pages themselves. In order to avoid needless repetition, these directions are NOT re-stated in the Facilitator Guide. Rather, the facilitator is referred to the activity pages themselves for step-by-step implementation procedures (see sample next page).

Thumbnails

Whenever a document is required by the facilitator (an activity page or an information page), a thumbnail of the first page of that document appears to the left of the relevant bullet in the Facilitator Guide. These thumbnails are not intended to be readable but only to serve as general reminders of what specific pages look like (see samples next page).

Activity Rationale

In many cases, activities and in some cases, documents, are accompanied by a rationale. These rationales provide a background as to why the activity or approach was chosen, and the outcomes it seeks to achieve. (See example to the right.) The rationales should be shared with participants whenever appropriate.

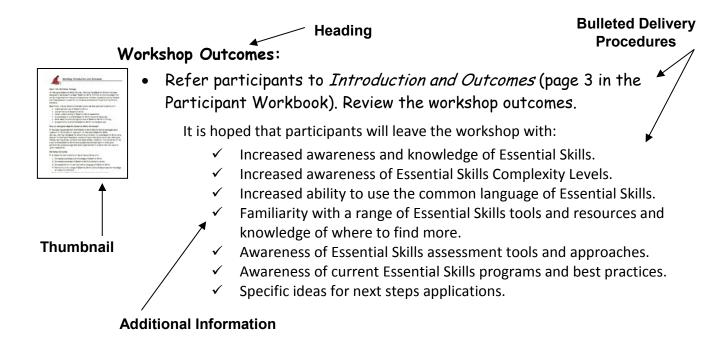
Purpose of a circular workshop agenda

- To divide the workshop into chunks or sections.
- To provide a general overview of the workshop "at a glance."
- To use a circular (Aboriginal) approach rather than a linear approach.

Additional Information

In some instances, additional information has been provided such as possible answers to questions and background facts. This added information is presented in a different font for easy identification (see sample next page).





Content and Timing

The Facilitator Guide provides guidance in terms of workshop timing and delivery. However, activities can be deleted or adjusted to suit participant needs and timeframes.

Facilitator Requirements:

Facilitators must be pre-approved by Douglas College to deliver this workshop if the students wish to ladder into further Essential Skills training with Douglas College. Please contact Douglas College, The Training Group at e-mail: essentialskills@douglascollege.ca for further information.



Materials and Tools Required (To be supplied by the facilitator or hosting organization)

The Facilitator Guide explains in detail (see Preparing for the Workshop) what supplies are required to carry out each activity in the workshop. The following is a compilation of these individual activity material and tool lists.

Materials and Tools	Quantities
stapler	1
hole punch	1
flipchart paper	1 package
glue sticks	4
Basic coloured marker pen packages	6
pairs of scissors	1 for every 2 participants (if sharing) 1 per participant (if not sharing)
metric rulers	8
calculators	4
black marker pens	8
masking tape or sticky gum	1 roll or 2-3 packages
brad clips	1 per participant
decks of playing cards	1 per working group
ESI DVD (optional)	1
Obtain DVD from the Urban Spirit Foundation:	
http://www.urbanspiritfoundation.com/store/	
LCD projector, laptop and portable speakers	
computers	1 for every 2 participants (if sharing) 1 per participant (if not sharing)
high speed internet connection	



Handouts (Make copies of the following)					
Participant Workbook	1 per participant & facilitator				
Facilitator Guide	1 per facilitator				
Group Sort Aboriginal ES icons	1 per participant				
Spirit Lake handouts (printed on coloured paper - one colour per station)	1 set per participant				
Spirit Lake answer keys	1-2 sets				
Wall chart for Spirit Lake debriefing	see page 11				
A Sampling of ES Resources handout	1 per participant				
Learning the Lay of the Land handout	1 per participant				
ES Common Language Review cards	1 per participant				
Leafless Tree drawing (flipchart paper)	see page 15				
Tentcards	1 per perticipant				
Certificates (optional)	1 per participant				
Workshop Evaluation (optional)	1 per participant				





Preparing For the Workshop





TARGETED NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS

• 16-24

WORKSHOP VENUE SET-UP

- Work stations or tables (4 people per group unless it is a very small group, then 2-3 people per station)
- 7 stations for the Gathering at Spirit Lake activities (these can be in a separate break-out area or be the stations / tables used for the main workshop)
- A table to house supplies and handouts
- A wall or structure on which to affix wall charts, papers and answer keys
- A wall on which to project the ESI DVD

GENERAL RESOURCES REQUIRED (16-24 PARTICIPANTS)

Participant Supplies	 1 stapler (to be shared by all participants) 1 hole punch (to be shared by all participants) (NOTE: Participants should be asked to bring a pencil, eraser and pen to the workshop.)
ESI DVD (optional)	Obtain DVD from the Urban Spirit Foundation: http://www.urbanspiritfoundation.com/store/ • LCD projector, laptop, speakers OR TV with DVD player
Participant Workbook	1 per participant, 1 per facilitator
Facilitator Guide	• 1 per facilitator



ACTIVITY-SPECIFIC RESOURCES REQUIRED (16-24 PARTICIPANTS)

Activity	Materials and Resources Requ	iired		
Group Sort: (see Appendix 1)	1 Aboriginal ES icon per participant			
Essential Skills Aboriginal Perspectives Wheel	 Scissors (1 pair per participant or every 2 participants) 1 brad fastener (a clip with legs that split) 			
Understanding Complexity	Decks of playing cards (1 per work group)			
Gathering at Spirit Lake (see Appendix 2)	NOTE: handouts for each station should be coloured paper. One colour per station.	printed on		
Planning the Gathering	 Collated, hole punched and stapled (1 set per workshop participant): Activity: Planning the Gathering Path Finder: Flowcharts "To Do" List Flowchart for Planning the Gathering 	4 pairs of scissors		
Getting to Spirit Lake	 Collated, hole punched and stapled (1 set per workshop participant): Activity: Getting to Spirit Lake Path Finder: How to Read a Road Map Handout: Spirit Lake and Area Map 	4 metric rulers		
Buying Food	 Collated, hole punched and stapled (1 set per workshop participant): Activity: Buying Food Path Finder: Finding the Unit Price Handout: Price Comparisons 	4 calculators		
Bringing Supplies	 Collated, hole punched and stapled (1 set per workshop participant): Activity: Bringing Supplies Path Finder: How to Use Organizers Handout: Labels Handout: Tree Organizer 	4 pairs of scissors 4 glue sticks		
Scheduling Events	 Collated, hole punched and stapled (1 set per workshop participant): Activity: Scheduling Events Path Finder: How to Read a Table Handout: Making an Agenda for the Children's Events 	4 rulers		



Inviting Friends	 Collated, hole punched and stapled (1 set per workshop participant): Activity: Inviting Friends Path Finder: Abbreviations and Acronyms Handout: Inviting Friends Message Handout: Text Message Abbreviations 	
Studying Nature	 Collated, hole punched and stapled (1 set per workshop participant): Activity: Studying Nature Path Finder: Venn Diagrams Handout: Spirit Lake Healing Plants Handout: Venn Diagram Page 	
Spirit Lake Answer Keys (see Appendix 3) 1-2 copies of each	 Flowchart - Planning the Gathering Spirit Lake and Area Map Price Comparisons Tree Organizer Agenda for the Children's Events Inviting Friends Message Venn diagram: Comparing Spirit Senthium and Waterous Wedgewood 	
Spirit Lake Activity Debriefing	Wall chart(see below) made from flip chart or poster paper	8 black markers masking tape or sticky gum

Spirit Lake Activity Debriefing Chart

	Reading	Doc. Use	Writing	Num.	Oral Comm.	Working + Others	Thinking	Computer Use	Cont. Learning
Planning the Gathering									
Getting to Spirit Lake									
Buying Food									
Bringing Supplies									
Scheduling									
Inviting Friends									
Studying Nature									



Activity	Materials and Resources Required
Leave a Leaf	Draw a tree frame (trunk and branches) out of flipchart papers joined together to which participants can attach their "leave a leaf" at the end of Day 1.
A Sampling of ES Resources (see Appendix 4)	1 <i>A Sampling of ES Resources</i> handout per participant
Learning the Lay of the Land: A Resourceful Journey	 Computers (1 per 1 or 2 participants) and internet 1 Learning the Lay of the Land handout per participant
(see Appendix 4)	(NOTE: Check the HRSDC website address and links 24-48 hours in advance to make sure they are working properly.)
Creating an Aboriginal Essential Skills Model	6 basic packages coloured marker pens1 sheet flipchart paper per group
Workshop Evaluation (see Appendix 7)	1 An Aboriginal Essential Skills Journey Workshop Evaluation form per participant
ES Common Language Review (see Appendix 5)	 1 ES Common Language Review card per participant (cut pages in half to produce 2 cards per page) 1 ES Common Language Review Call Outs per facilitator
Certificate (see Appendix 7)	1 completion certificate per person



A WORD ON GATHERING AT SPIRIT LAKE

Spirit Lake should be set up as a "sampler" experience in which groups complete as many stations as they are able in the time given (about $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ hours). In this case, groups move around randomly choosing those stations that are open for use. Since every activity integrates a range of Essential Skills, all groups will get a taste of many Essential Skills in action. Below is a brief overview of the purpose of each activity.

NOTE: Stations should be very separated (even in different rooms) if possible.

Spirit Lake Activity	Purpose
Planning the Gathering	 To introduce participants to flowcharting and flowcharting conventions. To demonstrate the importance of planning and task sequencing.
Getting to Spirit Lake	 To introduce participants to road map reading including scale, legends and icons. To target basic numeracy and decision making skills.
Buying Food	 To introduce participants to the idea of unit pricing (basic ratios) as a way to compare prices. To target basic numeracy and decision making skills.
Bringing Supplies	 To introduce participants to graphic organizers, concept clumping and information hierarchies.
Scheduling Events	 To introduce participants to various table formats and how to read each. To make the connection between a schedule and a table. To apply scheduling skills.
Inviting Friends	 To introduce participants to abbreviations and acronyms. To introduce the concept that Computer Use applies to any programmable technology (not just PCs and laptops). To make reading text and writing more relevant to younger generations by incorporating the kinds of reading and writing they do every day.
Studying Nature	 To introduce participants to concept comparison using Venn Diagrams. To target effective information clumping.



WORKSHOP TIMING:

The An Aboriginal Essential Skills Journey...Planting the Seeds for Growth workshop has been designed to take about $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 days to deliver. Facilitators must decide how long the workshop will be (based on participant abilities and activities chosen). It has also been developed to provide facilitators with as much flexibility as possible to consider the needs of participants. Below is a suggested workshop schedule that uses all the activities in the Participant Workbook; however, it must be stressed that facilitators should be responsive to pacing cues and suggestions from the audience.

Suggested start time: 09:00

Day 1 (6 hours 45 minutes, including breaks)

Opening the Workshop

Welcome

Opening prayer

Facilitator introduction

Participant introductions

Housekeeping and group norms

Group Sort activity

Workbook overview

Workshop content

Workshop outcomes

Participant expectations

Anticipation Guide activity

Essential Skills Check List

Essential Skills Aboriginal Perspectives Wheel

Health and Wellness Break

20 minutes

1 hour, 20 minutes

PART 1: The What's and Why's of Essential Skills

What are Essential Skills? activity

Essential, Technical and Workplace-Specific Skills

9 Essential Skills (English and Hul'q'umi'num)

≻ 20 minutes

PART 2: Essential Skills Stories

The Essential Skills Story

Canada Responds

Understanding Complexity Playing Card activity

ESI DVD viewing

Lunch

45 minutes

1 hour



Gathering at Spirit Lake
Spirit Lake directions
Knowing Myself activity
Spirit Lake stations
Spirit Lake Activity Debriefing

2 hours

Health and Wellness Break

ES Scenarios activity Leave a Leaf activity Day 1 Wrap-up 20 minutes

30 minutes 5 minutes

NOTE: At the end of Day 1 (wherever it should fall), ask participants to turn to Leave a Leaf (page 43 in the Participant Workbook). Ask participants to cut out the leaves. Ask them to follow the directions on the page. Each participant should then affix his/her leaves to the tree trunk and branches you have made from flipchart paper and posted in the venue.



Day 2 opens with a brief review of the leaves as a reminder of what was accomplished Day 1.

Day 2 (5 hours, 30 minutes, including breaks)

Welcome Back

Review of day 1 leaves from Leave a Leaf activity

- 10 minutes

PART 3: Essential Skills Resources

A Skilled Aboriginal Workforce Community-Based Essential Skills Responses activity Essential Skills Profile Structure Hunting Through an Essential Skills Profile activity A Sampling of ES Resources

- 1 hour

Health and Wellness Break

20 minutes

Learning the Lay of the Land activity

1 hour

Lunch

45 minutes

PART 4: Assessing Essential Skills

A Word About ES Assessment How Do Your Skills Measure Up? activity Essential Skills Model activity

1 hour, 15 minutes



Closing the Workshop

Anticipation Guide revisited

Outcomes review

Essential Skills Check List completion

Participant expectations review

Workshop Evaluation

Essential Skills Common Language Review activity

Certificates (optional)

Facilitator reflections

Closing prayer

HALF DAY ESSENTIAL SKILLS FAMILIARIZATON SESSION

The workshop package has also been developed so that any one of the four major parts can be delivered as an independent package. Of particular significance would be the use of the "What's and Why's of Essential Skills." This section can be combined with elements from "Opening the Workshop" and "Closing the Workshop" to produce a half day Essential Skills familiarization session.









OPENING THE WORKSHOP

Welcome:

Welcome participants to the workshop.

Opening Prayer:

Provide a prayer to open the day (facilitator or participant-led).

Facilitator Introduction:

• Introduce yourself to participants.

Participant Introductions:

• Ask participants to BRIEFLY introduce themselves.

Housekeeping and Group Norms:

- Review housekeeping items, including:
 - √ washroom locations
 - √ breaks and refreshments
 - ✓ smoking areas
 - √ emergency exits (if applicable)
 - √ awarding of certificates (if applicable)
- Establish group norms, including cell phone and text messaging etiquette.

Group Sort:



- Tell participants they will now do a Group Sort to form their working groups (see Appendix 1 in this Guide for directions).
- Place the cut out Essential Skills icons in a bag, hat or box.
- Have each participant draw an icon from the bag, hat or box.
- Ask participants to circulate around the room to find others with the same icon.
- Ask participants with the same icon to sit together as a group.
- When the new groups are established and settled at their work areas, continue with the workshop. Do not comment on the meanings of the icons. These will be addressed in a later activity.

Purpose of the *Group Sort* activity

- To introduce problem solving, oral communication, document use, working with others.
- To use a "game" approach to sort participants into groups.
- To introduce the Aboriginal Essential Skills icons at the outset of the workshop.





Workbook Overview:

 Hand out the Participant Workbook. Spend a few moments orienting participants to the contents by using the Activities and Information Page in the Participant Workbook.

Workshop Content:



Refer participants to Workshop Content (page 3 in the Participant Workbook). Provide an overview of the workshop using the circular workshop agenda. Stress that this workshop is intended to be a fun and hands-on way to learn about Essential Skills.

Purpose of a circular workshop agenda

- To divide the workshop into chunks or sections.
- To provide a general overview of the workshop "at a glance."
- To use a circular (Aboriginal) approach rather than a linear approach.

Workshop Outcomes:



 Refer participants to Introduction and Outcomes (page 5 in the Participant Workbook). Review the outcomes.

It is hoped that participants will leave the workshop with:

- ✓ Increased awareness and knowledge of Essential Skills.
- ✓ Increased awareness of Essential Skills Complexity Levels.
- ✓ Increased ability to use the common language of Essential Skills.
- ✓ Familiarity with a range of Essential Skills tools and resources and knowledge of where to find more.
- ✓ Awareness of Essential Skills assessment tools and approaches.
- ✓ Awareness of current Essential Skills programs and best practices.
- Specific ideas for next steps applications.

Facilitator Requirements:

Facilitators must be pre-approved by Douglas College to deliver this
workshop if the students wish to ladder into further Essential
Skills training with Douglas College. Please contact Douglas College,
The Training Group at e-mail: essentialskills@douglascollege.ca for
further information.



Participant Expectations:

- Provide each participant with a piece of paper (preferably cover stock weight) that can be folded into three sections to produce a tent card.
 Ask participants to write the name they want to be called on one side of the card.
- Ask participants to open the tent card and write 2 things they would like to learn or "take away" from the workshop. Stress that participants should consider the workshop outcomes and content when they write their "wish list."
- Then ask participants to reassemble the tent cards. Explain that the "wish lists" will be considered at the end of the workshop as part of the workshop debriefing and evaluation.
- NOTE: Move around the room reading these lists to ensure expectations are reasonable and that you are able to address participant needs during the workshop.

Anticipation Guide:



- Refer participants to the Anticipation Guide (page 6 in the Participant Workbook).
- Ask participants to complete the Anticipation Guide as per the directions.
- Stress that most participants will be guessing at this point; the
 Anticipation Guide is NOT A "TEST." Explain that the Guide will be
 re-visited at the end of the workshop to see how much has been
 learned. Also explain that the Guide will help participants focus on
 the major outcomes of the workshop.

Essential Skills Check List:



- Refer participants to the Essential Skills Check List (page 7 in the Participant Workbook).
- Ask participants to fill in the Check List after each activity they
 complete. Inform them that this is their record of accomplishment to
 verify their exposure to a variety of Essential Skills.
- The Check List also serves as a reminder of how integrated these skills are at work and in life.



Essential Skills - Aboriginal Perspectives:

 Briefly review the reasons behind an Aboriginal-specific approach to Essential Skills.

It has been recognized that most Essential Skills familiarization packages use a "western" or "Euro-centric" approach. *An Aboriginal Essential Skills Journey...Planting the Seeds for Growth* is an attempt to make Essential Skills more relevant to Aboriginal Peoples by incorporating an Aboriginal world view (Aboriginal themes, learning styles, contexts and experiences).



- Refer participants to Why "An Aboriginal Essential Skills Journey" as a theme? and Why "Planting the Seeds for Growth" as a Theme? (page 9 in the Participant Workbook).
- Review the significance of the workshop name.

The journey motif is a reminder that it is only by "walking the Essential Skills circle" that one can develop the skills necessary for living, learning and working. Essential Skills, when approached in this integrated and holistic way, become a powerful means of enhancing spiritual, emotional, physical and mental well-being. The plant motif is a reminder that it is only with nurturing, respect, patience and care that Essential Skills can grow and develop.

Essential Skills Aboriginal Perspectives Wheel:



- Refer participants to Essential Skills
 Aboriginal Perspectives Wheel (page 11 in
 the Participant Workbook).
- Read through the directions with participants.
- Ask participants to make their spinning wheels
- When they are finished, discuss the following:
 - The interconnectedness of Essential Skills and Aboriginal perspectives.
 - How Essential Skills are part of all aspects of life.
 - o The fluidity of Essential Skills.

Purpose of the ES Aboriginal Perspectives Wheel

- To understand the interconnectedness of Essential Skills and Aboriginal perspectives.
- To demonstrate the fluidity of Essential Skills in terms of Mental, Spiritual, Emotional and Physical well being.
- To portray Essential Skills as a circular concept.









THE WHAT'S AND WHY'S OF ESSENTIAL SKILLS

Essential Skills Definitions:



- Refer participants to What Are Essential Skills? (page 17 in the Participant Workbook). Read the instructions at the top of the page.
- Ask participants to complete the activity in their GROUPS.
- When participants are finished, briefly review the Essential Skills'
 definitions and corresponding icons. (The answer key can be found in
 Appendix 6 in this Guide.) Have participants discuss their choices and
 the reasons for their choices.
- Mention that the icons were developed by a Métis artist especially for this workshop.
- Explain that the definitions used in the workshop have been adapted to be more suitable for Aboriginal and daily life applications.
- Stress that Essential Skills function in an integrated way.
- Read the quotation on page 19 of the Participant Workbook with participants. Note that Essential Skills are viewed as a human right in this quotation.
- Remind participants to fill in their Essential Skills Check List (page 7 in the Participant Workbook) for the What Are Essential Skills?
 activity.

Essential, Technical and Workplace-Specific Skills:



- Refer participants to Essential, Technical and Workplace-Specific Skills (page 20 in the Participant Workbook). Briefly discuss the following:
 - Essential skills are foundational and transferable and support all other skills.
 - Technical skills are skills such as welding, keyboarding, cooking, etc.
 - Workplace-specific skills are the ability to follow employer rules and procedures.

9 Essential Skills (English and Hul'q'umi'num):



• Refer participants to 9 Essential Skills (English and Hul'q'umi'num) (page 21 in the Participant Workbook). Explain that the elders did these translations to reflect the Coast Salish culture. Encourage participants to do the same in their communities to make Essential Skills more accessible to community members.











ESSENTIAL SKILLS STORIES

The Essential Skills Story:



• Refer participants to *The Essential Skills Story* (page 25 in the Participant Workbook).

For background information on IALS, please Google IALS and click on the hrsdc.gc.ca link. For background information on IALSS, please Google IALSS and click on the statcan.gc.ca link.

- Review the information dealing with IALS and IALSS. Stress the following:
 - Essential Skills are the product of credible, recognized and well respected international research.
 - Canada has played a major role in leading IALS and IALSS research.
 - Level 3 (in a scale with 5 levels) is considered the minimum level required to function in a knowledge economy (21st century information age).
 - o 42% of Canadians have literacy skills below Level 3.
 - Higher literacy skills are associated with higher rates of personal, economic, political and social well being.
 - Improving Essential Skills empowers Aboriginal communities and strengthens prospects for the future.



- Refer participants to the IALS rating scale information (page 26 in the Participant Workbook). Explain the following:
 - The rating scale is based on total points of 500 with 225 concentrated at Level 1.
 - Levels 4 and 5 were combined as there were not enough Level 5 participants to be statistically valid.
 - There was not much change in results between IALS (1994-1998) and IALSS (2003).

Canada Responds:



- Refer participants to Canada Responds (page 27 in the Participant Workbook).
- Briefly review the Canada Responds flow diagram and corresponding explanations. Explain that this information can be reviewed by participants at their leisure.



Understanding Complexity - Playing Card Activity:

- Explain that participants will now explore complexity levels by using tasks involving cards (activity created by Dr. Donna Palmer). Hand out 1 deck of cards to each small group.
- Explain that the activity demonstrates increasing complexity of tasks, and the processes required to address increased complexity.
- Complete the activity as outlined below:

Level 1 Task:

- Ask that one person in each group shuffle the deck of cards.
- o Ask that another person in the group find the Ace of Hearts in the deck.
- Discuss the process used: <u>Locate</u> a <u>single piece</u> of information (1 item) and find a direct match.

Level 2 Task:

- Ask that one person in each group shuffle the deck of cards.
- Ask that another person in the group find the 4 Aces in the deck the
 Ace of Hearts, Ace of Diamonds, Ace of Clubs and Ace of Spades.
- O Discuss the process used: <u>Cycle</u> through the deck to <u>locate and match</u> a <u>few pieces</u> of information (a few items).

Level 3 Task:

- o Ask that one person in each group shuffle the deck of cards.
- Ask that another person in the group find all the Diamonds and place them in order from Ace (low) to King (high) on the table top.
- Discuss the process used: <u>Locate multiple pieces</u> of information (items). <u>Integrate</u> located information (items) to perform <u>sequencing</u>. Increased time and information is required to complete this task.

Level 4 Task:

- Ask that one person in each group shuffle the deck of cards.
- Ask that another person in the group list the highest scoring hand for each of the 3 most popular card games in North America.
- After a few minutes, ask the groups to help their team mate.
- Discuss the process used: This exercise illustrates increasing complexity of tasks. The least complex task involves a single <u>locate</u>.
 Complexity increases with the requirement to <u>cycle</u> to find multiple pieces of information. At the next level, one has to <u>integrate</u> the multiple locates in order to sequence them. Then <u>prior knowledge</u> must be used to <u>generate</u> an answer. Much more time is required.

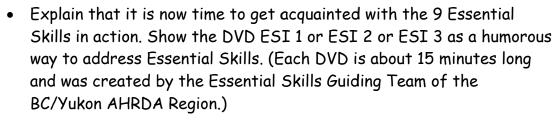
Debrief the activity.

Stress that locate, cycle, integrate, and generate require an increasing amount of brain power.











Briefly discuss the DVD.



ESI 1: is recognized nationally as an innovative tool in providing awareness about Essential skills. You will join the Essential Skills Investigation Agents as they use the nine Essential skills to explore the cause of death in this contemporary story.

ESI 2: continues to explore Essential Skills in yet another exciting story. You will rejoin the Essential Skills Investigation Agents as they prove that investigating the Essential Skills of the crime will lead to solving this new mystery. This DVD's focus is Continuous Learning.

ESI III is the second sequel in the ESI DVD series. In this version ESI Agents solve a workplace accident by using their "Thinking" skills and "Working With Others" skills and show us that Essential Skills can assist us in adapting to change.

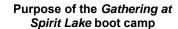


Gathering at Spirit Lake - Directions:

- Explain to participants that they are now going to experience the 9 Essential Skills in integrated ways. They will do this by completing an Essential Skills 'boot camp.' All of the activities relate to the theme, "Gathering at Spirit Lake."
- Inform participants:
 - They will move in their small groups from station to station completing the Essential Skills activity at each station.
 - There will be activity packages at each station consisting of an instruction page, a Path Finder page and resource pages. Each participant should take ONE activity package.
 - Each group should work <u>together</u> to produce results.
 - Answer keys will be available (on tables, posted on walls or at other specific locations as determined by the facilitator) so groups can check answers as they go.
 - NOTE: The answer keys are in Appendix 3 in this Guide.
 - More than 1 group can be at a station at the same time but groups should try to avoid this whenever possible.
 - Each group should do as many stations as it is able in the time provided.
 - Groups should not leave their work behind at stations; they should take their "products" and activity results with them.

Spirit Lake - Knowing Myself Activity:

- Explain that all Spirit Lake activities are organized in the same way. By completing a Spirit Lake activity as a large group, participants will become familiar with the structure.
- Refer participants to *Spirit Lake: Knowing Myself*, *ES Path Finder: Understanding Learning Styles*, and *Learning Styles Inventory* (page 29 in the Participant Workbook).



- To introduce the idea that ES are integrated into all aspects of life.
- To show that ES do not exist in isolation; they are connected and interrelated.
- To illustrate that what we do in life, learning, and the workplace requires problem solving and critical thinking as "drivers."
- To provide a "taste" of all 9 ES in a "real life" context with an Aboriginal overlay





- Explain that the Path Finder (page 32 in the Participant Workbook)
 provides background knowledge that can be taught when offering
 Essential Skills training. In other words, a Path Finder is an Essential
 Skills fact sheet that provides useful information that can be applied
 in many situations (transferable skills).
- Explain that participants must know their learning style if they are to take full advantage of the learning activities that will be part of the Spirit Lake gathering.
- Ask participants to complete the Spirit Lake: Knowing Myself activity.
- When participants have completed the activity, briefly review the ES Path Finder: Understanding Learning Styles and the Aboriginal designations. Ask why it is important to know how one learns.

Knowing how you learn can improve the effectiveness of Continuous Learning and make Essential Skills development much easier.

- Conduct a "hands up" survey of learning styles in the room.
- Be sure to debrief by asking how knowing learning styles might impact how one delivers training and information in the community.

Spirit Lake - Stations

Each station should be represented by a different colour. All handouts for that station should be in that colour.

- Assign each group a Spirit Lake station as a starting point. Tell
 participants they should visit as many stations as they are able in the
 time allotted.
- Remind participants that they should remove the staples from the activity packages in order to promote efficiency.
- Make answer keys available so groups can check their answers as they
 go (but display keys in such a way that groups will not see the answers
 to other activities they have not yet completed).
- Monitor group rotations while making yourself available if there are questions or concerns.
- After the allotted time is over, ask groups to wrap-up and return to their "home" stations. (If groups are "saturated" before the time is up, reconvene as a large group for debriefing.)



- Distribute the activity packages remaining at each station to those participants who did not have an opportunity to complete all stations.
- Spend a few moments discussing the activities:
 - Were any new Essential Skills acquired?
 - Which activities did they like the most? Why?
 - o Which did they like the least? Why?
 - o Any lessons learned?

Spirit Lake Debriefing:



- Refer participants to Spirit Lake Activity Debriefing (page 33 in the Participant Workbook).
- Ask the groups to complete the Activity
 Debriefing as per the directions. Each group
 should use the first station it visited.
- Provide one black marker pen to each group.
- Post the wall chart you prepared before the workshop began. Ask each group to record the 3 skills it used most often at the station it was assigned. These should be recorded on the wall chart using check marks.
- Analyse the results by asking the following questions:
 - o Which skills were used most? Which were used least?
 - How can the results of this informal survey be used by participants in their work or communities?

For example, to make community and workplace training programs more effective, to help with assessment tool selection.

Remind participants to fill in their Essential Skills Check List (page 7 in the Participant Workbook) for the Spirit Lake activities they completed and the Spirit Lake Debriefing activity.

Essential Skills Scenarios:



- Explain that participants will now look at how Essential Skills are used in occupations and in everyday life.
- Refer participants to the 8 Essential Skills Scenarios (pages 34-41 in the Participant Workbook).

Purpose of the Spirit Lake

Debriefing

To reinforce the idea that ES are integrated

and inter-dependent.

• To explore which ES are

the most common and

how this information can



- Assign 1 scenario to each group. Review the directions before the groups begin work.
- When work is completed, ask a representative from each group to read its scenario aloud and report which three of the 9 Essential Skills were used most often.
- For ideas, refer to the suggested answers (see Appendix 6 in this Guide). Remember: These are suggestions ONLY.
- Stress how integrated the Essential Skills are and how important it is to see them as "pieces of a whole."

- To demonstrate how ES
 - are used in everyday and workplace-specific contexts relevant to Aboriginal realities.

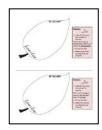
Purpose of the Essential Skills

Scenarios

- To make ES "come alive" by making them practical and accessible.
- To reinforce how interrelated ES are "in the real world."

Remind participants to fill in their Essential Skills Check List (page 7 in the Participant Workbook) for the Essential Skills scenario they completed.

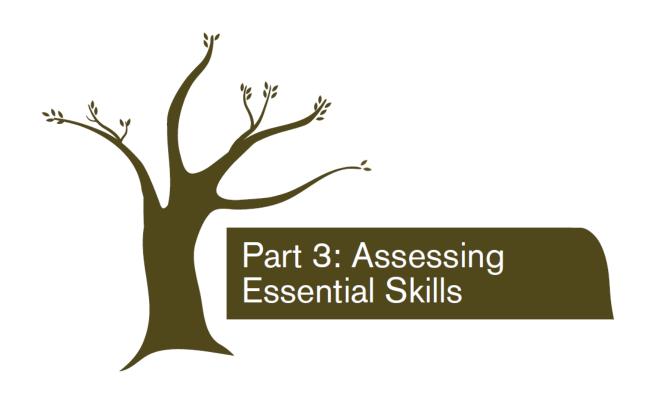
DAY 1 CLOSING / DAY 2 OPENING



- At the end of Day 1, refer participants to Leave a Leaf (page 43 in the Participant Workbook).
- Ask participants to fill in both leaves as per the directions.
- Ask participants to cut out both leaves.
- Ask each participant to affix his/her leaves to the tree trunk and branches you made from flipchart paper and posted in the venue before the workshop began.
- Tell participants that Day 2 will open with a brief review of the leaves as a reminder of what was accomplished Day 1.
- Remember to open Day 2 with this review.











ESSENTIAL SKILLS RESOURCES

A Skilled Aboriginal Workforce - An Important Canadian Resource!



 Refer participants to A Skilled Aboriginal Workforce - An Important Canadian Resource! (page 47 in the Participant Workbook). Highlight 2-3 key points (selection will depend on the group). For example:

Aboriginal Peoples are the nation's youngest and fastest growing human resource.

If the gaps between Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal Canadians were closed in terms of education and employment, the country's gross domestic product would increase by \$160 billion by 2017.

- Stress the fact that due to demographics, Aboriginal Peoples are in a very good position to have a major impact on Canada's social, political and economic future. However, skills development is key to this happening.
- Explain that the need for skills development is why Essential Skills are so important - Essential Skills facilitate the acquisition of technical and personal life management skills.

Community-Based Essential Skills Responses:



- Refer participants to Community-Based Essential Skills Responses (page 48 in the Participant Workbook).
- Ask each group, working as a team, to complete the ES Initiatives I
 Know About in My Community page. Remind participants that
 initiatives can be "official" projects or small individual undertakings.
- Ask each group, working as a team, to complete the ES Initiatives I Would Like to See in My Community page. Remind participants that initiatives can be "official" projects or small individual undertakings.
- Ask each group to share 1 community initiative they know about and 1
 initiative they would like to see in their community. Stress the need
 for brevity.
- You may wish to collect this page if you are looking for ideas for Community ES initiatives or wishing to complete a community ES needs assessment.
- Remind participants to fill in their Essential Skills Check List (page 7 in the Participant Workbook).



Essential Skills Profile Structure:

- Explain that participants will now explore an Essential Skills profile.
 Remind participants that the Essential Skills profiles have been developed by HRSDC based on interviews conducted by trained interviewers with workers across Canada.
- Also explain that Essential Skills profiles describe the frequency and complexity of the use of Essential Skills in different occupational groups.
- Refer participants to Essential Skills Profile Structure (page 50 in the Participant Workbook).
- Explain that all the Essential Skills profiles have the same organizational scheme (the same headings and sub-headings). Explain that this profile structure map will make it easier to navigate and search any Essential Skills profile.

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Hunting Through An Essential Skills Profile:

- Refer participants to Hunting Through an Essential Skills Profile (page 51 in the Participant Workbook).
- Refer participants to the Trappers and Hunters profile (page 53 in the Participant Workbook). Spend a few minutes crossreferencing the profile with the Essential Skills Profile Structure map.
- Ask participants to use the Trappers and
 Hunters profile to complete the Hunting
 Through an Essential Skills Profile activity.
 Explain that this activity will help participants
 to understand what kinds of information are in
 the profile.
- When participants have completed the activity, review the answers (see Appendix 6 in this Guide for the answer key). Address any problems that may have arisen.

Remind participants to fill in their Essential Skills Check List (page 7 in the Participant Workbook) for the Hunting Through an Essential Skills Profile activity.

Purpose of the *Hunting*Through an ES Profile activity

- To familiarize participants with Essential Skills profiles and how to navigate through the layout and the large amount of information presented.
- To demonstrate how an Essential Skills profile can be used to learn about an occupation.
- To explore complexity levels and examples.
- To identify how the information in a profile can be used in personal, professional and community contexts.







A Sampling of Essential Skills Resources:



- Hand out a copy of A Sampling of Essential Skills Resources to each participant (see Appendix 4 in this Guide). Explain that these site addresses are intended for information only and should be explored when participants have time.
- Update resources and site addresses as necessary.

Learning the Lay of the Land: A Resourceful Journey:



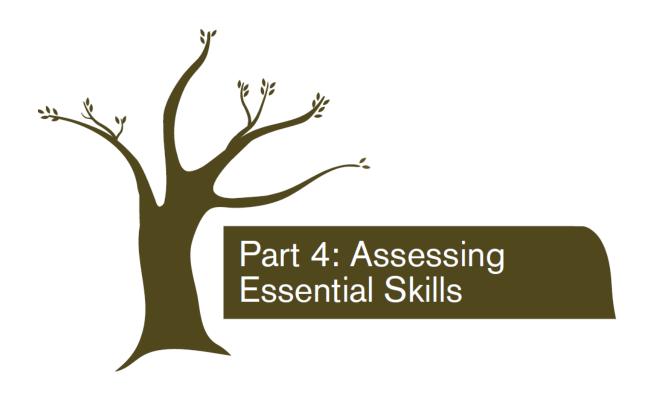
- Hand out a copy of Learning the Lay of the Land: A Resourceful Journey to each participant (see Appendix 4 in this Guide). NOTE: you should have checked the HRSDC links at least 48 hours in advance to ensure they are working.
- Provide participants with computers and high speed Internet.
- Ask participants to undertake the activity
 according to the directions. Inform them that
 they should do as much as they are able in the
 time allotted and that they should seek
 assistance from you or the people around them when necessary.
 NOTE: Participants may work in pairs to complete this activity.
- Circulate and assist participants. If you sense boredom or frustration, stop the activity before time is up.
- Make the answer key available if participants want to check their answers (see Appendix 6 in this Guide). The object of the activity is not to get the correct answers but to learn how to access Essential Skills sites.
- Remind participants to fill in their Essential Skills Check List (page 7 in the Participant Workbook).

Purpose of the Learning the Lay of the Land: A Resourceful Journey activity

- To provide a greater awareness of Essential Skills tools and resources available online.
- To facilitate a hands-on experience with some of the Essential Skills tools and resources available.











ASSESSING ESSENTIAL SKILLS

A Word About Essential Skills Assessment:



- Refer participants to A Word About Essential Skills Assessment (page 69 in the Participant Workbook).
- Explain that this resource provides an overview of the kinds of assessment that are being used for Essential Skills.
- Stress the following:
 - Essential Skills assessment uses real <u>workplace</u> documents and the real workplace tasks associated with these documents.
 - Formal Essential Skills assessment uses tools that are scientifically validated and the IALS 500 point scale. Formal assessment is used in high stakes situations.
 - Informal Essential Skills assessment is used to determine learner gaps and starting points. It uses the HRSDC 1-5 level scale.
 - Essential Skills self-assessment is used to determine starting points (gap analysis) and to measure learning progress.
 - o All assessment tools need to be approached with caution.
 - Information on the limitations of a tool and of testing in and of itself should be taken into consideration. This is especially true for Aboriginal populations which may have had very negative experiences in school and with testing.



- Refer participants to Essential Skills and Literacy Assessment Tools (page 71 in the Participant Workbook).
- Explain that this is a resource document that can be consulted when Essential Skills assessment is required.
- Stress that this list in no way promotes one assessment tool over another. It is intended only as an information resource - a starting point for more in-depth research.

Purpose of the ES Literacy and Assessment Tools pages

- To inform participants what ES assessment tools exist.
- To provide direction re: where ES assessment tools can be sourced.
- To assist with the selection of appropriate ES assessment tools.



Essential Skills Assessment - How Do Your Skills Measure Up?:

If computer access is possible, ask participants to complete a minimum of one Measure-Up activity on-line instead of doing the activity outlined below. (www.measureup.towes.com)

- Refer participants to Essential Skills Assessment How Do Your Skills Measure Up? (page 81 in the Participant Workbook).
- Explain that it is now time to try some examples of informal Essential Skills assessments. (Examples are from Measure Up measureup.towes.com.)
- The activity set contains four tasks, two Document Use (Level 1 & 2) and two Numeracy tasks (Level 2) on page 83 in the Participant Workbook).
- Read aloud the introductory information and directions on page 81.
- Ask participants to record the steps they used to find the answers to Tasks 1 -4. They should record these steps in the table on page 81 & 82 of the Participant Workbook.
- Refer participants to the *Measure Up Activity Answer Keys* (page 87 in the Participant Workbook) so they can check their answers.
- Review the steps participants used to find their answers.
- Remind participants to fill in their Essential Skills Check List (page 7 in the Participant Workbook) Essential Skills Assessment How Do Your Skills Measure Up? activity.







Essential Skills Model Activity:



Refer participants to Creating an Aboriginal Essential Skills Model (page 91 in the Participant Workbook). Read through the instruction page with participants.

Ask each small group to design a model, symbol or metaphor that describes Essential Skills. This model should have an Aboriginal theme.

Some ideas:

- a wigwam or teepee with 9 supporting
- 9 stones in a Medicine Wheel 0
- an igloo with 9 blocks in the bottom row
- 9 bent birch boughs framing a canoe
- 9 shapes on a totem pole 0
- 9 petals in beaded flower
- 9 woven strands (basket or cloth)
- 9 beats of a drum 0
- 9 stones in an Inukshuk

Purpose of the Aboriginal ES Model activity

- To introduce the idea of a visual representation as a problem solving tool (a way to make complex concepts more understandable).
- To appeal to the Aboriginal learning style which is very visual.
- To enable Aboriginal groups to identify with the 9 ES by relating them to a meaningful symbol.
- To facilitate Aboriginal "ownership" of the 9 ES.
- Ask each group to draw and label their design on flipchart paper.
- After the models have been developed, call upon each group to present its idea to the large group and explain how the 9 Essential Skills are represented.
- Thank the groups for their work.
- Remind participants to fill in their Essential Skills Check List (page 7 in the Participant Workbook) for the Essential Skills Model activity.





Closing the Workshop







CLOSING THE WORKSHOP

Anticipation Guide Re-visited:



- Ask participants to refer to their Anticipation Guide (page 6 in the Participant Workbook).
- Inform them that this Guide is an example of an informal progress check.
- Review each question and ask participants to provide the correct answers (see Appendix 6 in this Guide for the answer key).
- Point out how much participants have "grown" in terms of their understanding of Essential Skills.

Workshop Outcomes Review:



- Ask participants to refer to the Workshop Outcomes (page 5 in the Participant Workbook).
- Review the workshop outcomes with participants. For each outcome, ask if you can consider it addressed during the workshop. (Hopefully all will have been achieved).

It is hoped that participants will leave the workshop with:

- ✓ Increased awareness and knowledge of Essential Skills.
- ✓ Increased awareness of Essential Skills Complexity Levels.
- ✓ Increased ability to use the common language of Essential Skills.
- ✓ Familiarity with a range of Essential Skills tools and resources and knowledge of where to find more.
- ✓ Awareness of Essential Skills assessment tools and approaches.
- ✓ Awareness of current Essential Skills programs and best practices.
- ✓ Specific ideas for next steps applications.

Essential Skills Check List Completion:

- Ask participants to complete their Essential Skills Check List (page 7 in the Participant Workbook).
- Stress the number of skills participants have used in the workshop.

Participant Expectations Review:

 Ask participants to open their tent cards and see if their "wish lists" were addressed. Discuss any concerns.



Workshop Evaluation (optional):



- Explain to participants that they are going to complete a workshop evaluation before the final workshop activities occur. This will allow them to take the time necessary to offer considered responses.
- Ask participants to complete the Workshop Evaluation (see Appendix 7).
- Collect the evaluations.

ES Common Language Review:





- Tell participants that they will now review the meanings of the Essential Skills terms they have heard in the workshop. Provide each participant with an ES Common Language Review card (see Appendix 5 in this Guide). You will require the ES Common Language Review Call-Outs in order to conduct the review (see Appendix 5 in this Guide).
- Explain that you will read an Essential Skills
 definition and those participants with the
 corresponding term on their card should cross
 it off. The first person to cross off all terms
 on his or her card should yell out "Essential Skills."

Purpose of the Common Language Review activity

- To make the point that ES has its own vocabulary.
- To reinforce understanding and recall of significant ES terminology.
- To review what has been learned during the workshop.

Awarding of Certificates (optional):



 Hand out participation certificates if you are using them (see Appendix 7).

Closing:

- Thank everyone for attending.
- Share your thoughts and reflections.
- Provide contact information for those who may want to pursue issues arising from the workshop (optional).
- Ask for a volunteer to end the workshop with a prayer.





Appendix 1: Group Sort

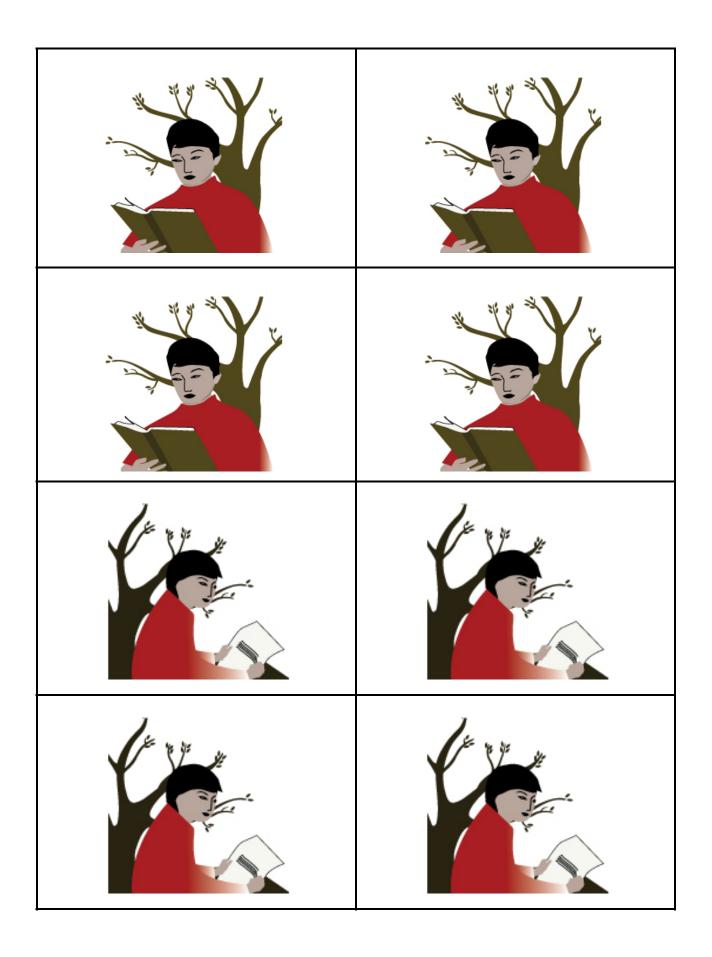
GROUP SORT ACTIVITY

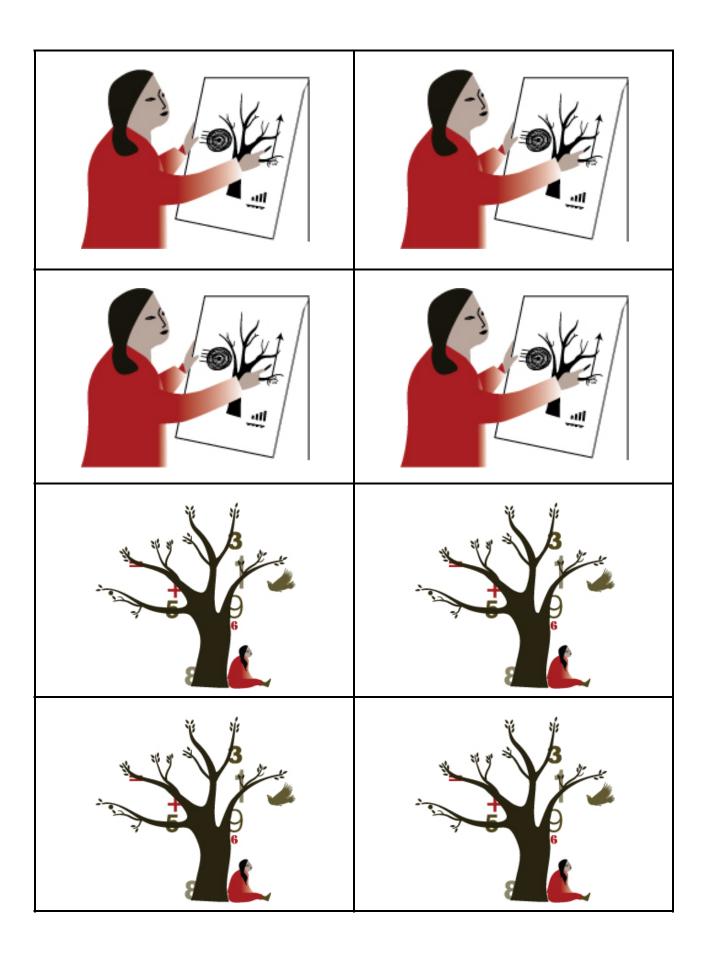
Directions for facilitator:

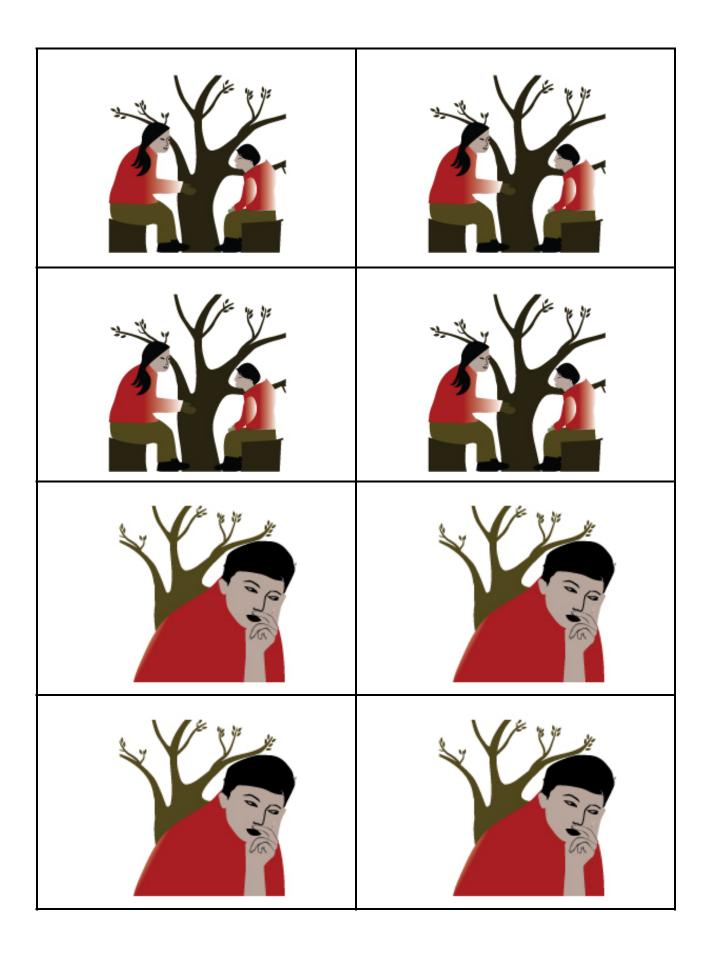
- 1. The icons are used to sort participants into working groups. Ideally, working groups should consist of 4 members each.
- 2. To select the number of icons required, use the following guidelines:
 - For groups of 4 people, you will require 4 copies of each icon until you reach the total number of participants. For example, 24 participants will require 4 copies of 6 different icons (24 in total). For 16 participants, you will require 4 copies of 4 different icons.
 - For groups of 3 people, 3 copies of each icon will be required until you reach the total number of participants. For example, 15 participants would require 3 copies of 5 different icons.
 - For groups of two people, 2 copies of each icon will be required until you reach the total number of participants. For example, 8 participants would require 2 copies of 4 different icons. (Groups of 2 people are especially suitable for very small workshop numbers.)
- 3. Choose the icons which are most appropriate for the target audience.
- 4. Cut out the printed icons you require (see Appendix 1).
- 5. Place all icons in a hat, bag or box and ask each participant to take one.
- 6. Ask participants to circulate around the room and find all other participants with the same icon.
- 7. Once groups have been formed, explain to participants that these are their new working groups.
- 8. Ask each working group to select a workspace and sit together.

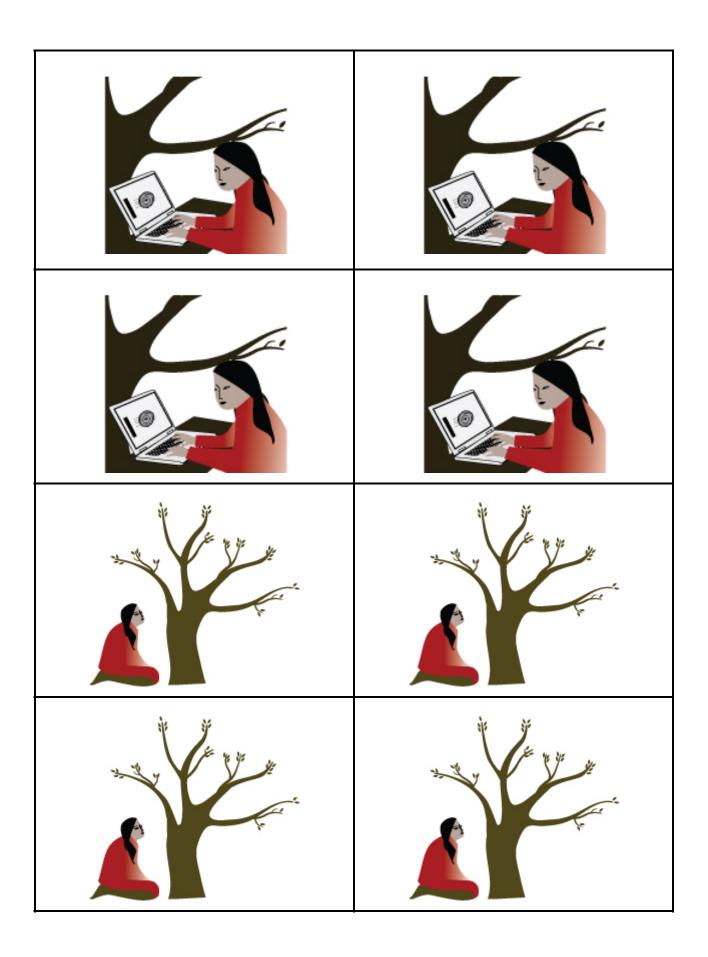
Alternatively:

If you wish to control the composition of each group, assign each participant an icon you have chosen for that participant. This allows you to mix-up groups and encourage networking.











Appendix 2: Gathering at Spirit Lake

SPIRIT LAKE: PLANNING THE GATHERING

The Story

Your group is in charge of planning the gathering at Spirit Lake. This is your first meeting. You need to make a flowchart of things that must be done, from start to finish. Information you need:

- There are 8 steps that must be completed (a "to do" list).
- The "to do" list is not in the right order.
- Read the "to do" list carefully there are word clues to help you put the steps in the right order.

What to do

- Read the Essential Skills Path Finder, Flowcharts.
- Cut out the 8 planning steps listed in the Handout, "To Do" List.
- Put the steps in the right order. HINT: Find the first step and the last step. Then order the other 6 steps.
- Shorten each planning step in the "To do" List to 3-6 words.
- Write the <u>shortened</u> steps in the blank flowchart in the handout, Flowchart for Planning the Gathering. Do NOT glue anything!

What you need

J	
	Per person:
	Essential Skills Path Finder: <i>Flowcharts</i>
	☐ Handout: "To Do" List
	☐ Handout: Flowchart for Planning the Gathering
	\square A pen or pencil and eraser
	Scissors

ES Path Finder: Flowcharts

What is a flowchart?

A flowchart shows the steps in a process "at a glance." The steps should be easy to read. A flowchart starts at the top of the page and works its way down the page. It can 'flow' side to side down the page or travel directly downwards.

What kind of writing is in a flowchart?

The writing in a flowchart is VERY short and to the point. Abbreviations may be used to save space. A flowchart *title* tells the reader what process the flowchart is describing.

How do you read a basic flowchart?

Start / Stop

A circle or rounded box usually means the *start* or *end* of a process. The "start" is an action which kicks off the process. The "stop" is the final action or outcome.

Step / Task

A box means a step or a task. Different shaped boxes can mean sub-steps.

Process Flow

Arrows show the direction of the process. Only *one* arrow leads to the next step. Several arrows can go to the same box. The boxes in a flowchart are things to do and the arrows direct the action.

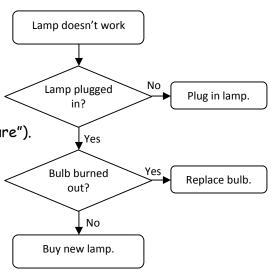
Decision Point

This means a question is asked and a decision must be made. There are different processes depending on the answer. Usually the possible answers are Yes or No.

How can flowcharts help you?

They can:

- help you remember how to do something.
- help you learn how to do something.
- show you an entire process at one time (the "big picture").
- help you learn abbreviations and vocabulary.
- help you make decisions.
- break complex processes into easy to follow steps.



Basic flowchart example

"To Do" List

After you have a budget, choose a possible date.

Then turn the general agenda into specific kinds of entertainment, activities and food. When the specific activities are planned, send out information by email, posters, newsletter and word-of-mouth. After choosing the date, book the park, motels and campsites. If things are full, choose a new date.

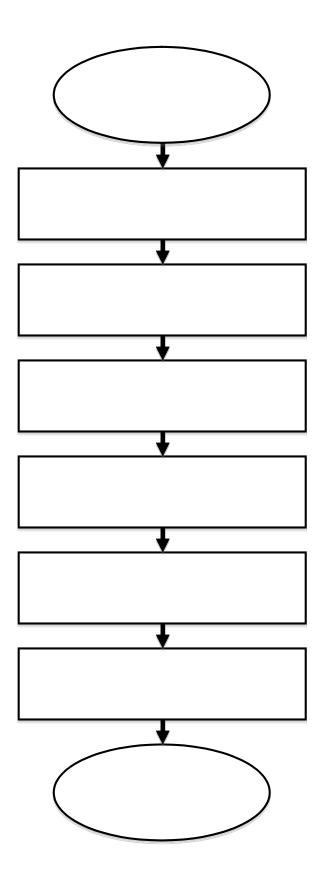
First, make a budget. How much money do you have?

The day before, organize volunteers. List the jobs each one needs to do at the Gathering.

Once bookings are final, make a <u>general</u> agenda of activities, meals and entertainment

After the gathering, evaluate results.

Flowchart for Planning the Gathering



SPIRIT LAKE: GETTING TO SPIRIT LAKE

The Story

Your community is planning a gathering at Spirit Lake Park on Spirit Lake (marked with an X on the map). What route will you take to get there?

Information you need:

- You live in Lomus on the A12.
- You need to pick up your friend from Pierce Airport.
- You only drive on major routes or divided highways.
- You will need gasoline before you reach the airport.

What to do

- Read the Essential Skills Path Finder, How to Read a Road Map.
- On your map, underline Lomus and draw a box around Pierce Airport.
- Mark the route you will take from Lomus to Pierce Airport and then from Pierce Airport to Spirit Lake Park.
- Draw an X on the gas station where you will get gasoline.
 (NOTE: There are many possible routes choose one.)
- Write S, E and W in the blanks on the direction symbol above the map.
- About how many kilometres is Spirit Lake Park from Lomus "as the crow flies"? Write your answer at the top of the map.

What you need

as the crow flies - Going directly in a straight line.

Per	person:
-----	---------

Essential Skills Path Finder: How to Read Road Maps
Spirit Lake and Area Map
A pen or pencil and eraser
Metric ruler

ES Path Finder: How to Read a Road Map

To read a road map, follow these steps:

- 1. Find your starting point on the map.
- 2. Find your ending point on the map. (Called a destination.)
- 3. Check the map scale at the bottom of the map.

Road maps cannot be life size or the map would be HUGE. Solution: real life measurements are shrunk down so they fit on a map. The shrinkage amount is called "scale." Scale is shown on a map in 2 ways.

a) By ratio (for example, 1:100 000)

In this example, 1 centimetre on the map = 100 000 cm in real life. Since there are 100 000 cm in 1 kilometre, 1 cm on the map = 1 km in life.

The scale 1:50 000 means 1 cm on the map = 0.5 km in real life. The scale 1:200 000 means 1 cm on the map = 2 km in real life.

- The first number is always 1. In Canada, this is usually 1 cm. In the US, it is usually 1 inch.
- The larger the second number, the less detail on the map.
- b) By a bar

A line is actually drawn on the map to represent a specific number of kilometres. For example, the distance between 0 and 50 below equals 50 km. This line length can be used to measure distances on the map.

) 50 km

- 4. Check the directions:
 - North is at the top of the map
 - \diamond South is at the bottom of the map
 - West is on the left side of the map
 - ♦ East is on the right side of the map.
- 5. Choose the route that is best to get you where you are going. Choose major routes if you are in a hurry or need paved roads.
- 6. Check the pictures and colours on the route. Read the key to interpret them.

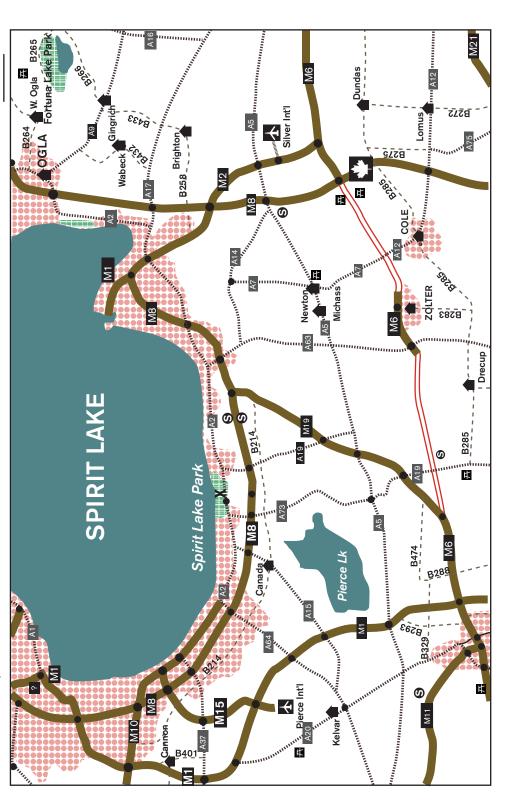
Some common map symbols are:

- ♦ an airplane for an airport
- blue for a body of water
- ♦ green for a park
- ♦ a wide line for a big and important road
- a very thin line for minor or unpaved roads

SPIRIT LAKE AND AREA MAP



Distance from Lomus to Spirit Lake "as the crow flies": _____ km





Scale 1:1 000 000

KEY

SPIRIT LAKE: BUYING FOOD

The Story

Food must be bought for the Spirit Lake gathering. Your role is to buy the items listed below. It is important that you get the best deal possible.

Items to Purchase:

Canned Beans Juice Boxes Buns
Oranges BBQ Sauce Pickles

What to do

- Look over the handout, Buying Food.
- Read the Path Finder, Finding the Unit Price.
- Calculate the best deal for each item you must buy. Do this by finding the unit price of each item.
- Circle the best deal for each item.
- If there is time, calculate the total cost for food.

What you need

Per person:
\square Essential Skills Path Finder: <i>Finding the Unit Price</i>
☐ Handout: <i>Price Comparisons</i>
\square A pen or pencil and eraser
☐ Calculator

ES Path Finder: Finding the Unit Price

The unit price of an item is the cost for **one** unit. For example, a bag of 6 apples might cost \$3.99. The unit price is the cost of **one** apple. Finding the unit price helps you to find the best deal when items are sold in different amounts or sizes.

Other examples of units are:

- 5 kilogram (kg) bag of flour. The unit is 1 kilogram of flour.
- Package of 6 bars of soap. The unit is 1 bar of soap.
- Bag of 12 oranges. The unit is 1 orange.
- Package of 5 juice boxes. The unit is 1 juice box.

To find the unit price of something, use the following steps:

Problem: Which is the better deal; A 2 kilogram bag of potatoes for \$3.00 or a 3 kilogram bag of potatoes for \$4.00?

- 1. First figure out what makes one unit.
 - One unit is 1 kilogram of potatoes.
- 2. Next, divide the total cost of each package or bag by the number of units.
 - \Rightarrow \$3.00 ÷ 2 kg = \$1.50. This is \$3.00 divided by 2 kilograms which is \$1.50 per kilogram.
 - \Rightarrow \$4.00 ÷ 3 kg = \$1.34. This is \$4.00 divided by 3 kilograms which is \$1.34 per kilogram.
- 3. Compare the unit prices to see which one cost less per unit.
 - The 2 kg bag costs \$1.50 per kg.
 - > The 3 kg bag costs \$1.34 per kg.
 - > The 3 kg bag is the better deal because it costs less to buy per unit.

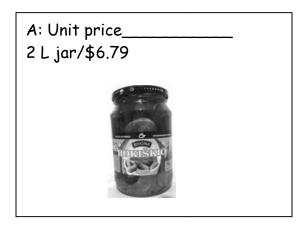
Sometimes the unit price is displayed on product labels. You can also use this to compare prices.

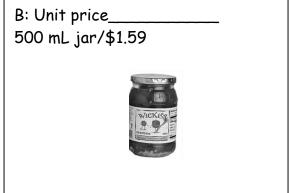
YOU PAY	UNIT PRICE
\$1.69	\$1.50
Ψ1.03	PER KILOGRAM
Bananas #1134867594	

PRICE COMPARISONS

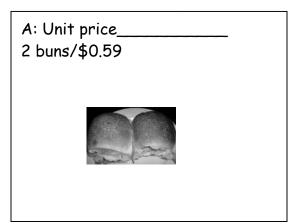
Calculate the unit price for each food item below and write it in the box. Circle the **letter** (Choice **A** or **B**) for the best deal.

1. You need 4 litres of pickles. Choice A or B? (1 litre = 1000 mL)



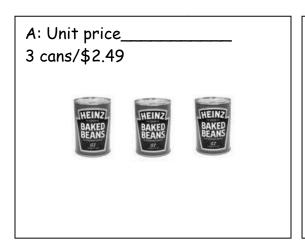


2. You need 5 dozen buns. Choice A or B?



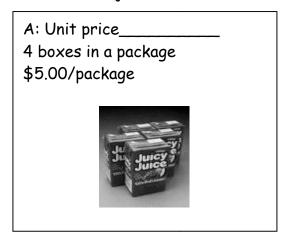


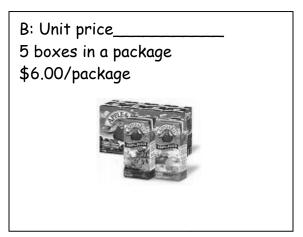
3. You need 15 cans of beans. Choice A or B?





4. You need 20 juice boxes. Choice A or B?



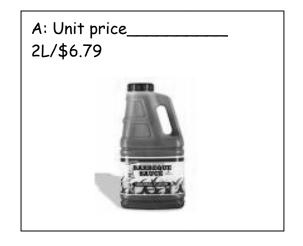


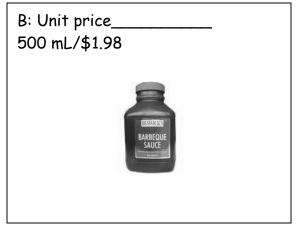
5. You need 10 kilograms of oranges. Choice A or B?





6. You need 2 litres BBQ sauce. Choice A or B? (1 litre = 1000 mL)





SPIRIT LAKE: BRINGING SUPPLIES

The Story

You must bring some supplies to the Spirit Lake gathering. You need to organize and write down these items so you won't forget anything.

Information you need:

- You must bring 3 different types of items.
- There are 15 items to organize.
- You must create a tree organizer.

What to do

- Cut out the labels on the Labels page.
- Read the Essential Skills Path Finder, How to Use an Organizer.
- Decide which items belong under each heading (HINT: there are 5 items per heading).
- Arrange the title, the 3 headings and the 15 items on the desk top so they look like the tree organizer.
- Glue each label onto the tree organizer in the *Tree Organizer* handout.

What you need

Per person:	
\square Essential Skills Path Finder: <i>How to Use Organizers</i>	
☐ Handout: <i>Labels</i> (1 title, 3 headings, 15 items)	
☐ Handout: <i>Tree Organizer</i>	
\square A pen or pencil and eraser	
☐ Scissors	
☐ Glue stick	

ES Path Finder: How to Use Organizers

What is an organizer?

An organizer is a way to organize ideas, things, or information. An organizer can use pictures or words. Organizers help you to see patterns and relationships "at a glance." They also let you break down information.

When do you use organizers?

- to understand information
- to remember information
- to analyze information
- to improve reading skills
- to make a decision
- to describe a process
- to brainstorm
- to plan

What are some types of organizers?

Organizers are generally divided into categories such as:

- organizers that show steps in a process
- organizers that show cause and effect
- organizers that compare and contrast different things or ideas
- organizers that <u>present information</u> about a topic (this type of organizer may show what information is more important and which is less important)

What kind of organizer should you use?

The following is a list of some common organizers and when you can use them:

star S	When there is one large idea that has several characteristics.
spider	When there is a large topic with several sub-topics and each sub-topic has supporting details.
cloud cluster	When you are creating a web of ideas (brainstorming) based on a single topic. One idea leads to another idea which leads to another.
tree	When there is a series of events with a definite beginning. The topic divides into sub-topics which divide into sub-sub topics, etc.)
event chain	When there is a linear chain of events or steps, with a definite beginning, middle, and end.

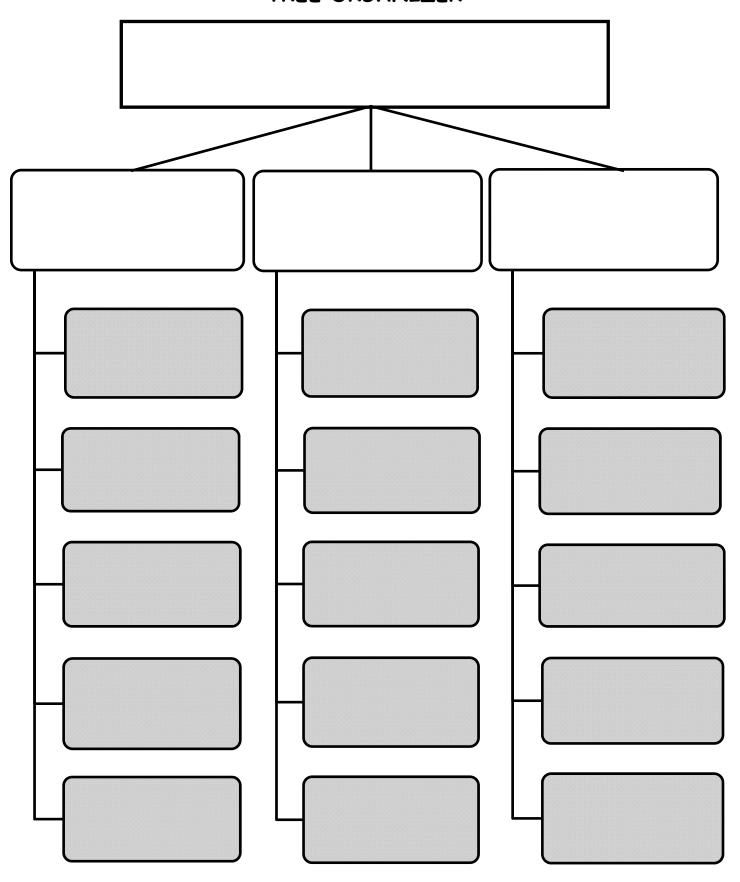
Label Page: Cut out each label below.

PERSONAL PROTECTION
CARE
MEDICAL

WHAT TO BRING

FIRST AID OINTMENT	TOWELS	DENTAL FLOSS
SUNGLASSES	SUNSCREEN	THERMOMETER
SOAP	TOOTHBRUSH	PAIN KILLERS
FLASHLIGHT	BANDAIDS	MOSQUITO SPRAY
COUGH MEDICINE	TISSUES	BEAR BELLS

TREE ORGANIZER



SPIRIT LAKE: SCHEDULING EVENTS

The Story

Your community is planning a gathering at Spirit Lake. You are in charge of making an agenda for the children's activities. What kind of agenda will you use?

Information you need:

- There are 2 days and 2 time periods (morning and afternoon) for activities.
- There are 6 kinds of activities.
- There are 3 kinds of table formats you could use column driven, row driven or intersecting.

What to do

- Read the Essential Skills Path Finder, How to Read a Table.
- Look at the table examples in the handout, Making an Agenda for the Children's Events.
- Make an intersecting table using the blank table in the handout.
- Circle the table format that works best for the Children's agenda.

What you need	
Per person:	•
Essential Skills Path Finder: <i>How to Read a Table</i>	
☐ Handout: <i>Making an Agenda for the Children's Events.</i>	
\square A pen or pencil and eraser	
☐ A ruler	

ES Path Finder: How to Read a Table

To read a table, follow the arrows below:

"column driven" table (headings across the top)

HEADING	HEADING	HEADING	HEADING
			····•
			••••
			····•

"row driven" table (headings down the side)

HEADING				
HEADING				
HEADING				
HEADING	,	▼	•	,

"column driven" table with sub-columns

HEADING	HEA	HEADING	
	sub- heading	sub- heading	
			·····•
			·····>

"row-driven" table with sub-rows

HEADING					
HEADING	sub- heading			•••••	
	sub- heading				
HEADING		7	,	*****	,

	_				
split heading		HEADING 1	HEADING 2	HEADING 3	HEADING 4
	HEADING A				
	HEADING B				
	HEADING C				

intersecting columns and rows

(headings across the top and down the side)

MAKING AN AGENDA FOR THE CHILDREN'S EVENTS

1. The children's agenda set up "by day," using a "column driven" table:

Children's Events (sorted by day)

Day	Time	Activities
4	10:00-11:30	drum making, hand games, story telling
1	13:00-14:30	amazing race, plant walk, tug-of-war
2	10:00-11:30	amazing race, plant walk, tug-of-war
2	13:00-14:30	drum making, hand games, story telling

2. The children's agenda "by time," using a "row driven" table:

Children's Events (sorted by time)

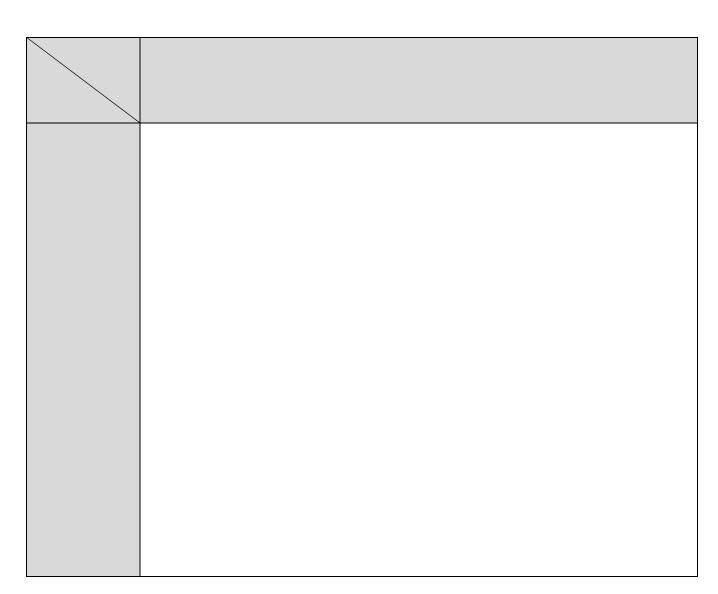
Time	10:00-	11:30	13:00-14:30		
Day 1 2		1	2		
Activities	drum making, hand games, story telling	amazing race, plant walk, tug-of-war	amazing race, plant walk, tug-of-war	drum making, hand games, story telling	

3. The children's agenda "by activity," using a "column driven" table:

Children's Events (sorted by activity)

	<u> </u>	•
Activities	Day	Time
	1	13:00-14:30
amazing race	2	10:00-11:30
dama malina	1	10:00-11:30
drum making	2	13:00-14:30
hand comed	1	10:00-11:30
hand games	2	13:00-14:30
plant walls	1	13:00-14:30
plant walk	2	10:00-11:30
atom stalling	1	10:00-11:30
story telling	2	13:00-14:30
tue of won	1	13:00-14:30
tug-of-war	2	10:00-11:30

4.	Write the children's agenda by day and time using an intersecting table. There will
	be headings across the top and down the left side. Use the table below. Remember
	to write a table title. (You will have to draw the columns and rows in the table
	outline below.)



5. Of the 4 tables, which table format works best for the children's agenda? Circle your choice.

SPIRIT LAKE: INVITING FRIENDS

The Story

You have received a text message from a friend about the gathering at Spirit Lake. After reading the message, you will send a reply. How will you respond?

Information you need:

- Your reply must be at least 2 sentences long.
- You must include at least 10 text messaging abbreviations.

What to do

- Read the text message and translate it into real words.
- Use the legend, Text Message Abbreviations, to help you.
- Write a reply in "text language" to your friend.
- If possible, send this message to your facilitator.
- Read the Path Finder, Abbreviations and Acronyms.

What you need

Per person:
Essential Skills Path Finder: Abbreviations and Acronyms
☐ Handout: <i>Inviting Friends Message</i>
Legend: <i>Text Message Abbreviations</i>
\square A pen or pencil and eraser

ES Path Finder: Abbreviations and Acronyms

Abbreviations are shortened language. They save time and space when writing and are used in all types of communication.

There are no rules for making abbreviations. This can be seen when we look at the abbreviations for Alberta - Alta and AB both are shortened language for the name of the province and both are used in communication.

There are some common patterns for making abbreviations:

- Using initials of words to make abbreviations (first letter of each word).
 Examples: British Columbia = BC and North West Territories = NWT
- Using the first and last letters of words to make abbreviations;
 Examples: Point = pt and Mister = Mr
- Using key identifying letters of a word.
 Examples: Sergeant = Sgt and Government = Govt
- Using syllables of a word.
 Examples: Gymnasium = gym and Influenza = flu

One of the most common forms of abbreviation is the acronym. Acronyms are formed by using the first letters of words. These abbreviations often can be pronounced as a new word. Sometimes two letters from the beginning of words are used in order to create an acronym that will be easy to remember. This is the case with radar. Radar is formed from radio detection and ranging.

Acronym examples:

 $AFN - \underline{A}$ ssembly of \underline{F} irst \underline{N} ations

 $\underline{\mathbf{AHRDA}} - \underline{\mathbf{A}}$ boriginal $\underline{\mathbf{H}}$ uman $\underline{\mathbf{R}}$ esources $\underline{\mathbf{D}}$ evelopment $\underline{\mathbf{A}}$ greement

ATK - Aboriginal Traditional Knowledge

ATM - Automated Teller Machine

FAQ - Frequently Asked Questions

ITK – <u>I</u>nuit <u>T</u>aaparist <u>K</u>atamiuick

MNC - Métis National Council

NAHO - National Aboriginal Health Organization

PIN - Personal Identification Number

SCUBA -self contained underwater breathing apparatus

INVITING FRIENDS MESSAGE

Read the message from Mary. Write the message in "real" words. Then, write your reply using "text language". See next page if you need help.



Hi. QQ Hru? I M gr8. wyd 4 wkd cos prt @ Spirit Lake (A). I M going tam or 18r. nbd when.

swdyt? 12g? pcm 4 wh5.

I l2k asap. lemeno.

sys & sc.

gtg. w/b

Mary

X= lol

Mary's message in "real" words:			





Text Message Abbreviations

In text messaging, almost all information is written using abbreviations and acronyms. Use the legend below to help you read the text message from Mary and to write your reply.

Text Message Symbols and Abbreviations

Symbol/Abbrev	Meaning	Symbol/Abbrev	Meaning
@	at	lemeno	let me know
&	and	l2g	like to go
4	for	l2k	like to know
IM	I am	l8r	later
(A)	again	lol	laughing out loud
afaik	as far as I know	Itns	long time no see
asap	as soon as possible	nbd	no big deal
b4	before	pcm	please call me
b4uki	before you know it	prt	party
c4n	ciao for now	QQ	quick question
cid	consider it done	< \$>	smile
cos	because	sc	stay cool
c-t	city	suitm	see you in the morning
cul8tr	see you later	swdyt	so what do you think
dur	do you remember	sys	see you soon
E123	easy as 1,2,3	†2ul	talk to you later
<i>G</i> 9	genius	tam	tomorrow morning
gr8	great	tpm	tomorrow PM
g†g	got to go	tuvm	thank you very much
hho1/2k	ha-ha only half kidding	w4u	waiting for you
h2cus	hope to see you soon	w/b	write back
hru	how are you	wbu	what about you
hth	hope this helps	wh5	what, why, when, where, who
Idk	I don't know	wkd	weekend
K	okay	wyd	what are you doing
?4u	I have a question for you	X=	fingers crossed

SPIRIT LAKE: STUDYING NATURE

The Story

The Irritanthum bush grows at Spirit Lake. Touching its leaves will cause an itchy skin rash. First aid creams do not stop the itch from this bush.

You have touched the leaves. Now you must find and use a natural cure for the itchiness by studying the plants at Spirit Lake.

Which plant will you use to treat the rash?

What to do

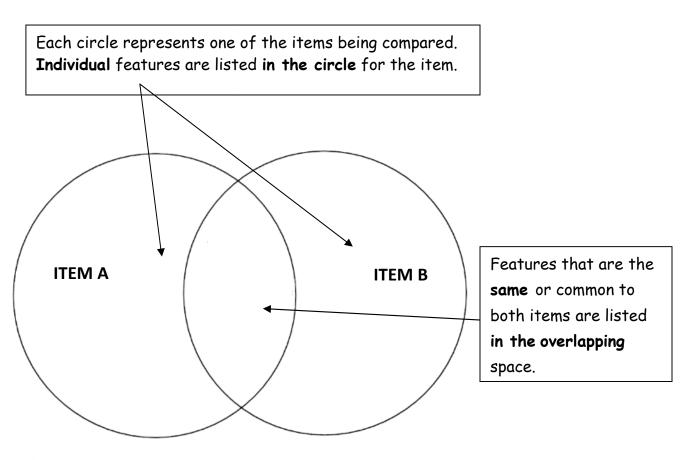
- Read the Essential Skills Path Finder, Venn Diagrams.
- Read the table, Spirit Lake Healing Plants.
- Circle the features in each row that are the same for BOTH plants.
 Write these in the space formed by the overlap of both circles on the Venn Diagram page.
- Write the Spirit Senthium only features in the correct circle and Waterous Wedgewood only features in its circle.

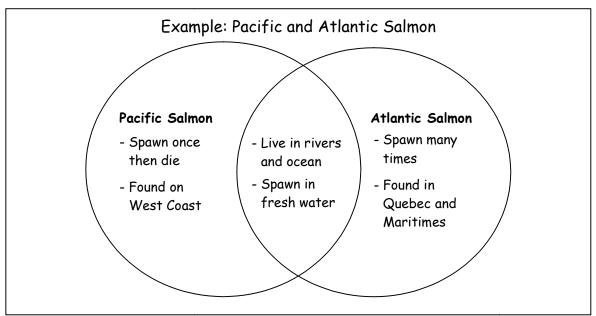
What you need

Per person:
🗌 Essential Skills Path Finder: <i>Venn Diagrams</i>
☐ Handout: <i>Spirit Lake Healing Plants</i>
☐ Handout: <i>Venn Diagram Page</i>
\square A pen or pencil and eraser

ES Path Finder: Venn Diagrams

A Venn diagram can be used to compare 2 items in a visual way. It is a set of circles that makes "seeing" those things that are the same and those that are different easier. Venn diagrams can be used to describe and compare many things (people, places, events, ideas, etc.). They help to organize thinking and see relationships.

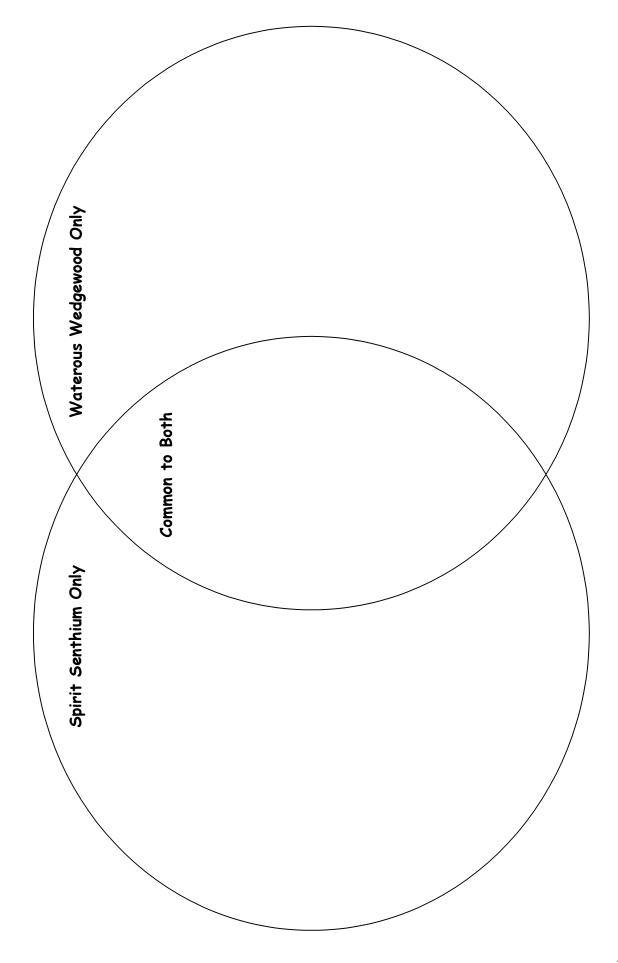




SPIRIT LAKE HEALING PLANTS

	Spirit Senthium	Waterous Wedgewood	
Where found:	Native to Spirit Lakein shade near water	Native to Spirit Lakein full sun at shoreline	
In season:	Blooms July-AugustBerries August-September	Blooms May-AugustBerries August-September	
Traditional uses:	 Berry tea for headache or stomach ache Apply crushed flower petals for rash and insect bite itch 	 Berry tea for headache or stomach ache Eat flower petals for Vitamin D 	
Appearance:	 Grows 20-30 cm high Long and pointy leaves	 Grows 10-20 cm high Waxy, fan-like leaves	
Special features:	 Berries are poisonous if not boiled in water Withstands cold temperatures 	 Berries are non-poisonous Withstands cold temperatures 	
Harvesting and storage:	 Pick berries late September Store in sealed jars Dry and store flower petals at room temperature 	 Pick berries late September. Store in sealed jars Dry and store flower petals in fridge 	

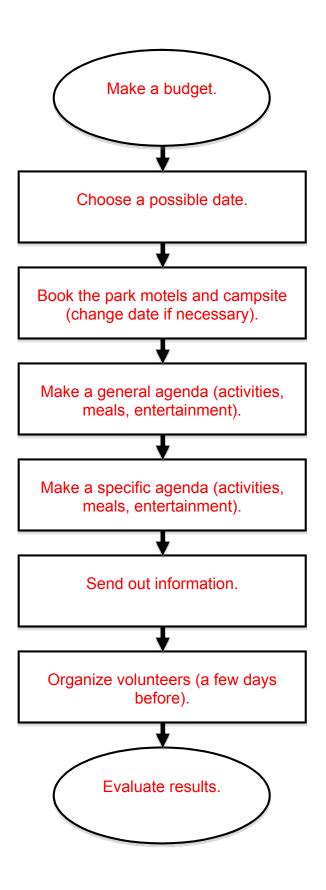
VENN DIAGRAM PAGE: COMPARING SPIRIT SENTHIUM AND WATEROUS WEDGEWOOD





Appendix 3: Spirit Lake Answer Keys

Flowchart for Planning the Gathering Answer Key



marked. There should be a box around Only 1 of the red X's above should be chosen as long as a service station is High Population Density passed before the Pierce Airport is passed. No minor roads should be Pierce airport. Any route can be Park Lake Controlled Junction National highway used. SPIRIT LAKE AND AREA MAP B258 Brighton Airport Information Centre 2 Service Station City or Town Rest area Distance from Lomus to Spirit Lake "as the crow flies": about 150-160 km Thousand Az American $100 \,\mathrm{km}$ B286 A11 Major Route Number M6 Spirit Lake Park **Minor Paved Road** Alternate Route Number Scale 1:1 000 000 Alternate Route Minor Paved Road --Divided Highway = Major Route KEY

PRICE COMPARISONS ANSWER KEY

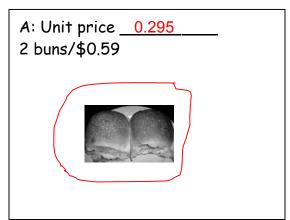
Calculate the unit price for each food item below and write it in the box. Circle the **letter** (Choice **A** or **B**) for the best deal.

1. You need 4 litres of pickles. Choice A or B? (1 litre = 1000 mL)



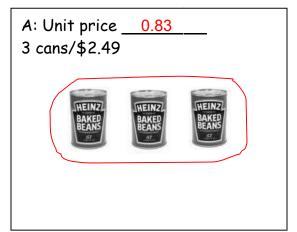


2. You need 5 dozen buns. Choice A or B?



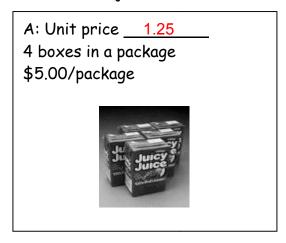


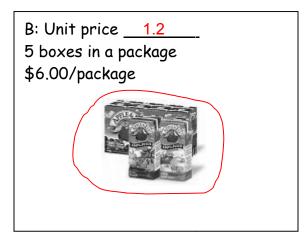
3. You need 15 cans of beans. Choice A or B?





4. You need 20 juice boxes. Choice A or B?



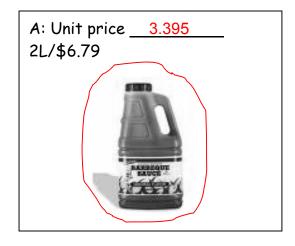


5. You need 10 kilograms of oranges. Choice A or B?



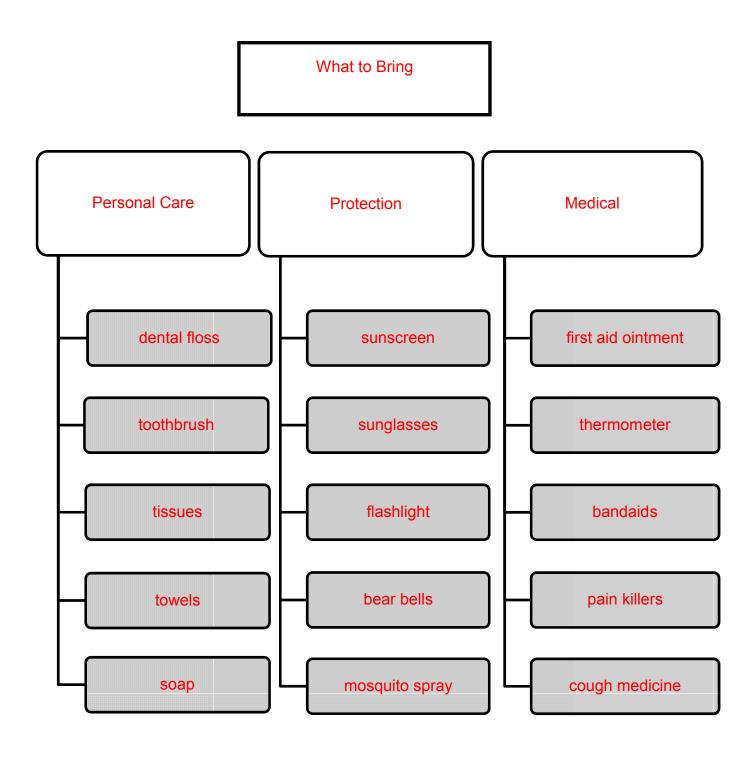


6. You need 2 litres BBQ sauce. Choice A or B? (1 litre = 1000 mL)





TREE ORGANIZER ANSWER KEY



MAKING AN AGENDA FOR THE CHILDREN'S EVENTS ANSWER KEY

1. Write the children's agenda by day and time using an intersecting table. There will be headings across the top and down the left side. Use the table below. Remember to write a table title.

Title: Children's Events

Day Time	1	2
10:00 - 11:30	Drum Making Hand Games Story Telling	Amazing Race Plant Walk Tug of War
13:00 – 14:00	Amazing Race Plant Walk Tug of War	Drum Making Hand Games Story Telling

Title: Children's Events

Time Day	10:00 -11:30	13:00 – 14:00
1	Drum Making Hand Games Story Telling	Amazing Race Plant Walk Tug of War
2	Amazing Race Plant Walk Tug of War	Drum Making Hand Games Story Telling

Either table is correct

2. Which table format is easiest to read? Circle your choice.

Answer will vary from person to person. One of the tables (column-driven, row-driven or intersecting) should be circled.

INVITING FRIENDS MESSAGE ANSWER KEY

Read the message from Mary. Write the message in "real" words. Then, write your reply using "text language". See next page if you need help.



Hi. QQ

Hru? I M gr8. wyd 4 wkd cos prt @ Spirit Lake (A). I M going tam or 18r. nbd when.

swdyt? 12g? pcm 4 wh5.

I l2k asap. lemeno.

sys & sc.

gtg. w/b

Mary

X= lol

Mary's message in "real" words:

Hi. Quick question.

How are you? I am great. What are you doing for the weekend because party at Spirit Lake again. I am going tomorrow morning or later. No big deal when. So what do you think? Like to go? Please call me for what, why, when, where, who. I like to know as soon as possible. Let me know. See you soon and stay cool. Got to go. Write back.

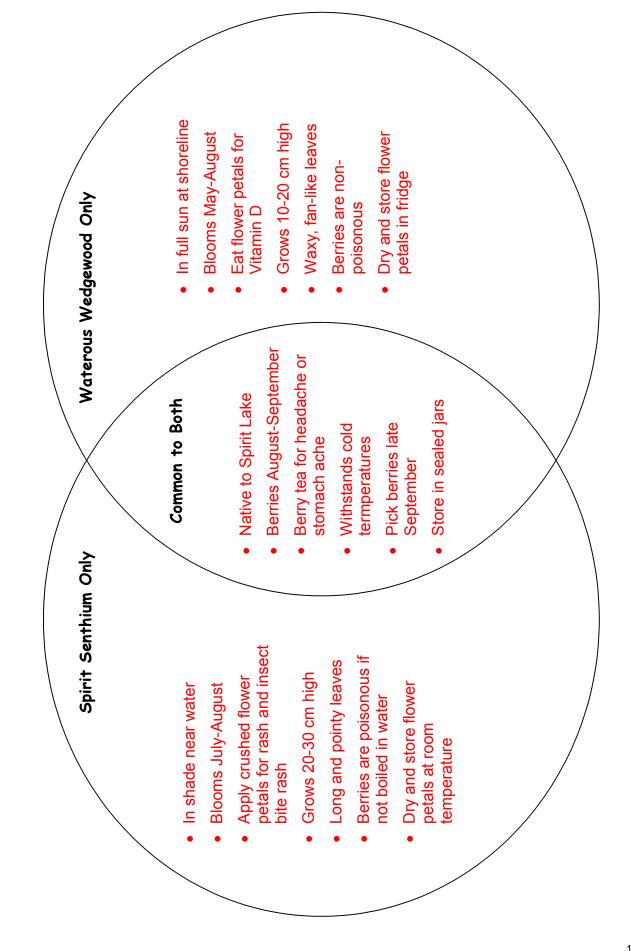
Mary

Fingers crossed. Laughing out loud.

Message will vary from person to person.



VENN DIAGRAM PAGE: COMPARING SPIRIT SENTHIUM AND WATEROUS WEDGEWOOD **ANSWER KEY**





Appendix 4: Essential Skills Resources



Essential Skills Tools and Resources

SECTOR/	RESOURCE	DESCRIPTION AND HYPERLINKS	ESSENTIAL SKILLS	ORGANIZATIONS
General	Reference	LEARNING TOOLS	Oral Communication	
		https://www.canada.ca/en/employment-social-development/programs/essential-skills/tools.html	Document Use	Employment and Emploi et Social Development Canada
			Digital Technology	
		 Essential Skills Tip Sheets 	Working with others	
		Passport	Roading	
		Portfolio	Reduing	http://www.esdc.gc.ca/eng/home.shtml
		A Guide for Employees and Learners	Writing	
		Oral Communication Video - An Essential Skill in the Canadian Workplace	Numeracy	
		 Communications Essentials - A Modular Workshop 		
		 Trades Math Workbook 		
General	Curriculum	From New Zealand http://www.skillsyouneed.com/numeracy-skills.html	Numeracy	http://www.skillsyouneed.com/
Facilitators	Reference	TRAINING SUPPORTS		
		Taking Action: An Introduction		
	Curriculum	 Taking Action: A Guide 		
	Lesson Plans	 Training Activities Mentoring and Essential Skills 		
	Facilitator	 Job Enhancement and Essential Skills 		
	Guides	 Developing Partnerships to support Literacy and Essential Skills 		
Facilitators	Reference	http://www.edu.gov.on.ca/eng/studentsuccess/thinkliteracy/files/Or	Oral Communication	Ontario
	Lesson Plans	<u>al.pdf</u>		MINISTRY OF EDUCATION
Facilitators	Reference	http://www.writeforward.ca/	Writing	writeforward
137				

- XC				
Apprentices		https://www.canada.ca/en/employment-social- development/programs/essential-skills/tools.html		ALCO ACCECCIDE SHACOLISH SHO DON COOL Tondo Worksito
		Click on the Apprentices and tradespersons tab.		ALSO ACCESSIBLE UII OUBII UIG Neu seal II ade Websile
		Essential Skills for Success in the Trades:		RED SEAL COANDO
		 Automotive Service Technician 		http://www.red-seal.ca
		Carpenter • Construction Electrician		
		Cook • Hairstylist • Industrial Mechanic (Millwright)		
		Machinist • Plumber • Sheet Metal Worker Moldon • Ingranding • Industrial Floatings		
		Weider I followorker Industrial Electrician Truck and Transport Machanic • Steamfitter Dinefitter		
		 Refrigeration-Air Conditioning Mechanic 		
		I sing Possessial Chills, on the Leb Chadian.		
		Osling Essential Skills: Oil tile JOB Stolles: • Diumbor • Automotive Conico Torbaiciae • Caronator		
		Assessment		
		Essential Skills Self-Assessment for the Trades		
		SUPPORT		
		 Preparing for your Interprovincial Red Seal Exam 		
		 Essential Skills for Your Apprenticeship Training 		
		 Before Training: Resources to Improve Your Essential Skills 		
		 Essential Skills Workbook for the Trades 		
		 Trades Math Workbook 		
Engineering	Reference	IMMIGRANT-OCCUPATIONAL TERMINOLOGY, PROFILES AND ACTION PLANS	Reading	STIC (Sector-Specific Terminology & Counselling)
***************************************		ACCENEDATION STINAGISTER AND SUITE STATE INVESTIGATION OF THE STATE OF	Document Use	
Accounting	Carricalan	Curriculum Hadated: March 2004	Writing	Ontario Council of Agencies Serving Immigrants
Healthcare	Lesson Plans		Working with Others	OCASI - 110 Felinton Avenue West, Suite 200
		Direct Link to download for the 3 sectors:	Oral Communication	Toronto, ON M4R 1A3 CANADA
	Facilitator	 Facilitator Guide Overview and Orientation 	Continuous Learning	Phone: 416-322-4950 Fax: 416-322-8084
	Guides	Accountants:	Numeracy	generalmail@ocasi.org
		http://atwork.settlement.org/downloads/atwork/stic/ac_fac_guide_f	Thinking Skills	
		<u>ull.pdf</u>	Digital Technology	
		http://atwork.settlement.org/downloads/atwork/stic/eg_fac_guide_f ull.odf		
13				
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<u>ک</u> کا		Healthcare.		
		http://atwork.settlement.org/downloads/atwork/stic/he_fac_guide_f ull.pdf		
		 Facilitator Guide Occupational Terminology Participant Workbook Overview and Orientation 		
Construction	Reference	AWARENESS TOOLS, INSTRUCTIONAL AND LEARNER MATERIALS.	Reading	Workplace
Customer Service	Curriculum	http://wem.mb.ca/resources/	Document Use Writing	Manitoba
Entrepreneur	Lesson Plans	Awareness Tools Learner Material	Working with Others Oral Communication	http://www.wem.mb.ca
Ironworker	Facilitator Guides	• Youth	Continuous learning	1000 Waverley Street, Winnipeg, Manitoba R3T 0P3
Supervisor in		· CIIIRS:	Thinking Skills	
Tourism	Assessments		Digital Technology	
Supervisor				
Healthcare				
Deaf Workers	Reference Curriculum	http://essentialskillsdeafliteracy.ca/resources/		
60 Trades	Reference	ASSESSMENT, LEARNING AND INSTRUCTIONAL TOOLS	Reading	ESSENTIAL
Occupations	Curriculum	On line Assessment Link: Register online, Video instructions for the assessment, the occupation outline	Document Use Numeracy	Office Address: 8 th Floor – 8100 Granville Avenue
	Assessments	http://www.ita.essentialskillsgroup.com/index.php		Richinolid, b.c., vor 310 Phone: 778-328-8700 Fax: 778-328-8701 Toll Free (within BC): 1-866-660-6011 E-mail: customerservice@itabc.ca

Construction	Keterence	LEARNING AND INSTRUCTIONAL TOOLS	Keading	
:		LINKS: http://www.skiilplan.ca/	Numeracy	SKILLPLAN
General Trades	Curriculum		Document Use	
	ī		Writing	PC Construction Industry Skills Improvement Council
Carpenter	Lesson Plans	List of Publications	•	DC COINSTINCTION MINIMASTING ONE MINIMASTING COMMENT
		 Document Use at Work 		Suite 405 - 3701 Hastings Street
Apprentices in	Assessments	Nimeracy at Work		Burnaby, BC V5C 2H6
trades and				Phone: (604) 436-1126
construction		Numeracy Rules		Eax: (604) 436_1149
		 Thinking strategies for Numeracy 		
Heavy Equipment		 Formulas at work-trades workers on the job 		E-mail: into@skiiiplan.ca
Operators		 Essential Skills for Apprentices 		
		 Measurement and Calculation for Trades 		 Kyle Downie, Chief Executive Officer
Ironworkers		 Preparing for Heavy Equipment Occupations 		
Bricklavers		 Preparing for technical training-Bricklayers 		
•		 Preparing for technical training-Ironworkers 		
Floor layer		 Preparing for technical training-Floor layers 		
		Science for the Trades		
		 Reading at Work 		
		• Writing at Work		
		Chille Moscins IIs		
General	Reference	ASSESSMENT, LEARNING AND INSTRUCTIONAL TOOLS - Direct Link:	Document Use	SKII I DI AN
			Numeracy	
	Curriculum	<u>Weasure Up Kesources</u>	Reading text	BC Construction Industry Skills Improvement Council
				Suite 405 - 3701 Hastings Street
	Lesson Plans			Burnaby, BC V5C 2H6
	Escilitator			Phone: (604) 436-1126
				Fax: (604) 436-1149
				E-mail: info@skillplan.ca
				Kyle Downie, Chief Executive Officer
Conon	C)	ESLINA		To order the DVD.
0	2	ESI:1 http://vimeo.com/14220366		http://www.urbanspiritfoundation.com/store/
		ESI:2 http://vimeo.com/14222996		
14		ESI:3 http://vimeo.com/14223542		
10				





3	<u></u>	_		
Choose from 14 General	Reference	ASSESSMENT, LEARNING AND INSTRUCTIONAL TOOLS http://www.itsessential.ca/itsessential/display_page.asp?page_id=21	Reading Text Document Use	Canadian Language Benchmarks / Essential Skills in the Workplace
Occupations	Lesson Plans	7	Writing Numeracy	200 Elgin Street, Suite 803 Ottawa, Ontario K2P 1L5
	Guides	25 ready-to-go lesson plans for various occupations and activities that illustrate how Essential Skills can be used with a variety of ESL students. They are all downloadable as .pdf documents.	Oral Communication	Phone: (613) 230-7729 Fax: (613) 230-9305 E-mail: <u>info@language.ca</u>
		11 sample Exit Assessments you can use in the classroom to evaluate if a learner has the appropriate language to perform specific job tasks.		
General	Reference	ASSESSMENT, LEARNING AND INSTRUCTIONAL TOOLS	All 9 Essential Skills	
	Curriculum	ESPORT: Essential Skills Computerized Occupational Readiness Training		
	Lesson Plans			Direct Link: http://www.esportfolio.com/index.cfm?fuseaction=about.RFI
	Facilitator Guides	Over 500 hours of curriculum / modules on 6 Essential Skills Linked to NOC Codes		
		Web based Essential Skills ModulesAvailable in BC through Douglas College		
General	Reference	LEARNING TOOLS - INTEGRATING ESSENTIAL SKILLS INTO CURRICULUM WWW.CEWCA.Ord	Working with Others	
	Curriculum		Problem Solving	
	Lesson Plans	Work-Based Products: Cook Assessment	Decision-Making Leadership Skills	
	Facilitator Guides	Portfolio Guide	Learning Skills Workplace Culture	For General Information Phone: 1,204.885.2957
	Assessments	http://www.cewca.org/free-materials	Accommodation to Diversity & Culture	I Fax: 1.204.885.2958 ⊠ Email: cewca@cewca.org

General	Reference	Essential Skills ASSESSMENT and Occupational PROFILES	Reading	
		Free online formal Essential Skill assessment	Document Use	
	Assessment	http://careers.essentialskillsgroup.com/	Numeracy	Michael Herzog Essential Skills Group Inc. Phone: 403-254-1672 Fax: 403-256-2148 E-mail: mherzog@essentialskillsgroup.com Website: www.essentialskillsgroup.com
Employers-	Reference	INFORMATION, TOOLS AND ADVICE FOR EMPLOYERS		
General	Assessments	Workplace Literacy Central http://www.conferenceboard.ca/topics/education/default.aspx		Ottawa Office
				255 Smyth Koad Ottawa ON K1H 8M7 Phone: 1-866-711-2262 613-526-3280 Fax: 613-526-4857
General	Curriculum	CONNECTING LITERACY and EMPLOYMENT through ESSENTIAL SKILLS http://www.llsc.on.ca/node/99		
Job seekers				
	Facilitator Guides	A series of 7 interactive Workbooks for download		
				These workbooks are still avialable through Copian Library.
				http://library.copian.ca/
Industrial	Assessments	ASSESSMENT, LEARNING AND INSTRUCTIONAL TOOLS	Document Use	Pathways to Possibilities
		The Camera System	Oral Communication	Job Solutions – East
Clerical Retail		http://ptpcompass.ca/tne-camera-system/	Numeracy	815 Danforth Ave. Suite 208
		Use CAMERA to assess the skills	Keading lext	Toronto, ON M4J 1L2
Hospitality		http://ptbcompass.ca/the-camera-system/the-workwrite-series/		Phone: 416-510-3266
		The Workwrite series is a collection of instructional workbooks and teacher's guides focusing on the functions and features of workplace documents.		permanent of permanent
		hesarcii neport. http://ptpcompass.ca/wordpress/wp- content/uploads/2016/07/wescan-workforce-essential-skills-		
142		guide.pdf		

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Construction	Reference	LEARNING AND INSTRUCTIONAL TOOLS	Numeracy	
		Essential Skills Workbooks		
	Curriculum	 Using Trades Math 		
		 Plain Language for Construction 		
	Lesson Plans	 Essential Skills Activities for the Trades 		
		To order workbooks:		(formerly - Construction Sector Council)
	Facilitator	http://www.csc-ca.org/		220 Laurier Avenue West, Suite 1150
	Guides			Ottawa, ON K1P 5Z9
		To order resources or download for free		Phone: (613) 569-5552
		http://www.csc-ca.org/en/catalog/essential-skills/essential-skills-		Fax: (613) 569-1220
		resources		E-mail: info@csc-ca.org
General	Reference	ASSESSMENT, LEARNING AND INSTRUCTIONAL TOOLS	Reading	
			Document Use	
	Curriculum	Resources and Links for Learners:	Numeracy	
	-	nttp://www.skiiis.edu.gov.on.ca/dc/osapqauu8328	Writing	Ontario Skills Dascoort
	Lesson Plans		Oral Communication	skills@edu.gov.on.ca
	Facilitator	Skills Zone – Essential Skills games	Thinking	
	Guides	http://www.skillszone.ca/	Digital Technology	
	Assessments		Work habits	



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ESL	Reference	ESL-based website. Vocabulary, pronunciation, listening, reading	Reading	Interesting Things for ESL Students
		http://www.manythings.org/	Document Use	A fun study site for learners of English as a Second Language
			Writing	contact Charles Kelly via kelly.reachby.com.
			Oral Communication	
ESL	Reference	ESL-based website. listening & vocabulary	Reading	
	Curriculum	http://www.esI-lab.com	Document Use	
	Lesson Plans		Writing	
	Assessments		Oral Communication	
Employers /	Reference	Paving the Way to Lasting Employment	Oral Communication	Build Your Skills
Employees		A Manual and 12 Interactive Training Videos focusing on the 'softer' Essential	Working with Others	Shape Your Future.
		Skills intended to bridge soft skills gaps employers may have	Thinking Skills	Kingston Literacy & Skills (KL&S) is a non-profit community
		identified within their businesses.		organization
		http://www.en.copian.ca/library/learning/paving_the_way/paving_the		Kingston Literacy & Skills (main office)
		way.pdf		859 Frincess Street Kingston, ON K7L 1G7
				tel: 613.547.2012 Fax: 613.547.2024
ALL	Reference	Employability Skills Assessment Tool	Motivation, Attitude	E EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS
		A tool to support individuals who face multiple obstacles to employment	Accountability	Y
	Assessment	examining personal behaviours impacting employment and job maintenance,	Presentation	Paul Brinkhurst, Innovations Developer
		helps define strategies for dealing with behavioral obstacles.	Time Management	902-843-4292
		http://futureworx.ca/programs-and-service	Stress Management	paulb@futureworx.ca
			Teamwork Adaptability Confidence	Head Office
				339 Willow Street Truro, NS B2N 5A6
				Tel: (902) 843-4290 Fax: (902) 843-4294
General	Reference	www.gcflearnfree.org	Digital Technology	
				T ()
				LearnFree.org®



ORGANIZATIONS	BUILYFORCE® CANADA Workforce solutions built by industry	ABORIGINAL IRONWORKERS	Since 2006, BEAHR training programs have helped Aboriginal communities develop technical environmental skills and foster rewarding environmental careers.	NWT Literacy Council
ESSENTIAL SKILLS	Training options	Planning Motivation Problem Solving	Training options	Numeracy Reading Writing Document Use Thinking Oral Communication
DESCRIPTION AND HYPERLINKS	This website created by the Construction Sector Council, is designed to provide young Aboriginal Canadians with information that can help them choose the right career path. It offers information on 38 trades and occupations in the construction sector and includes Essential Skills examples from each occupation. http://aborigianlconstructioncareers.ca	This site provides information on becoming an ironworker and places Essential Skills within Aboriginal culture. http://www.aboriginalironworkers.ca/whatittakes/index_e.asp	This project was created in 2001 and was designed to increase Aboriginal employment in the environment sector. Its aims are to create an awareness of environmental careers among Aboriginal communities, support Aboriginal people's development in the environmental sector, become the premier source for environmental employment resources, and recognize and support environmental excellence in the Aboriginal community, education, and industry. http://www.eco.ca/beahr/	A very informative website in terms of northern and Aboriginal content and issues, this site has information, research reports, and tools in family literacy, Aboriginal languages and literacy, workplace literacy and essential skills, and adult learning. There are many useful links to other Essential Skills resources and websites. There are 6 issues of the online interactive newspaper, The Northern Edge. This paper has a workplace literacy section in each issue with embedded resources for adult learners. http://www.nwtliteracy.ca/
RESOURCE TYPE	Reference	Reference	Reference	Lesson Plans
SECTOR/ OCCUPATION	Aboriginal	Aboriginal	Aboriginal	Aboriginal

Reference Reading at Work, BC Construction industry Skills improved Council http://skillpalan.ca/reading-at-work-facilitators-guide Curriculum The English You Need for the Office Teacher's Guide, Dean & Zweir Lesson Plans Assessments Measure Up - Practice Reading Text Reading Text BC Skillswise, British Broadcasting Corporation Http://www.bbc.co.uk/skillswise/ The Official Site of the Lower East Side Tenement Museum, Lower East Side Tenement Museum. Http://www.inindtoois.com/speedrd.html Mindtoois Http://www.mindtoois.com/speedrd.html Mindtools A Handbook of Effective Instruction in Iteracy, kent State University http://www.khake.com/speedrd.html Skills for Today's Workplace http://www.ababasoft.com/speedreading/foreign language reading.htm Strategies to Improve Foreign Text Reading http://www.studygs.net/ Study Guides and Strategies - Marking and Underlining http://www.studygs.net/ Curriculum Measure Up - Practice Document Use Curriculum Measure Up - Practice Document Use	<u>tm</u>	Reading	
	Guide, Dean & Zweir d for the office.html		
	d for the office.html		
	ctice.asp?Selection=		
	Ę		
	ent Museum, Lower East Side sonplans.html		
	y, Kent State University bookTOC.html		
	/foreign language reading.htm		
	iderlining		
		Document Use	
Lesson Plans http://measureup.towes.com/english/practice.asp?Selection=Reading	ctice.asp?Selection=Reading T		
Assessments			

Reference Curriculum Lesson Plans Assessments		Skills for Today's Workforee http://www.khake.com/page3.html Chameleon Graphing, Drexel University http://mathforum.org/cgraph/cplane/ Numeracy at Work, BC Construction Industry Skills Improvement Council http://skillplan.ca/numeracy-at-work Measurement and Calculation for the Trades, Skill Plan http://skillplan.ca/numeracy-at-work Measurement and Calculation for the Trades, Skill Plan http://skillplan.ca/numeracy-at-work Nisual Fractions: A Tutorial That Models Fractions With Number Lines Or Circles, Rand, Richard E http://skillplan.ca/measurement-and-calculation-for-the-trades Visual Fractions: A Tutorial That Models Fractions With Number Lines Or Circles, Rand, Richard E http://www.visualfractions.com/index.htm Breaking the Barriers, Ontario Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities; Canada. National Literacy Secretariat Free Lesson Plans, Webquests, Worksheets, and Teacher Tools, http://www.abloc.co.uk/skiilswise/ Aplus Math, Chase, Steve http://www.aplusmath.com/ Math.com Practice http://www.math.com/students/practice.html	Numeracy	
	Measure Up – Practice Num. http://measureup.towes. Skills for Today's Workforce http://www.khake.com/pa	Measure Up – Practice Numeracy http://measureup.towes.com/english/practice.asp?Section+Numeracy Skills for Today's Workforce http://www.khake.com/page3.html		
Reference Curriculum Lesson Plans		Lesson Plans and Curricula, Literacy Assistance Center http://www.lacnyc.org/ed-resources.html Pearson Longman ESL website: http://www.pearsonelt.com/	Writing	
Assessments		Canadian Language Benchmarks 2000: English as a Second Language for Adults,		

								Oral Communication									Thinking	
	Pawlikowska-Smith, Grazyna http://www.cic.gc.ca/english/pdf/pub/language-benchmarks.pdf	Plain English Campaign, Plain English Campaign http://www.plainenglish.co.uk/	2000 Families First Idea Book: Integrating Works Skills and Basic Skills, University of Tennessee. Center for Literacy Studies http://www.cls.utk.edu/2000 idea book.html	Writing Den, TestDEN http://www2.actden.com/writ_den/index.htm	Large Listing http://grammar.ccc.commnet.edu/grammar/	Help Develop Writing Skills http://www.infoplease.com/homework/writingskills1.html	Skills for Today's Workforce http://www.khake.com/page3.html	Plain Train: Plain Language Online Training,	Stephens, Cheryl	Oral Communication	http://www.inc.com/articles/2000/06/19312.html	A Crash course in Oral Communication	http://www.inc.com/articles/2000/08/20000.html	Do as I say: Quick Tips for Masterful Communication http://www.inc.com/articles/2000/03/18145.html	Powerful Questions Can Have a Powerful Effect http://www.inc.com/articles/2001/09/23385.html	Skills for Today's Workforce http://www.khake.com/page3.html	Mind Tools – Essential Thinking Skills http://www.mindtools.com/	Skills for Todav's Workforce
								Reference		Curriculum	;	Lesson Plans	Assessments				Reference	Curriculum
3								ALL									ALL	

)				
	Lesson Plans	http://www.khake.com/page3.html		
	Assessments	Study Guides and Strategies – Critical Thinking http://www.studygs.net/crtthk.htm		
		Thinking Skills Vocabulary and Definitions http://www.adprima.com/thinkskl.htm		
ALL	Reference	Building a School Web Site, Wigglebits, Wanda http://www.wigglebits.com	Digital Technology	
	Curriculum			
	į	WebQuest: Websites: Which Ones should you Trust?,		
	Lesson Plans	http://www.altn.org/webquests/websites/		
	Assessments	Basic Computer Skills Tutorial		
		http://www.comptechdoc.org/basic/basictut/		
		Computer/Internet Tutorials		
		Adult back to School Planner, Alberta. HR and Employment http://www.alis.gov.ab.ca/pdf/cshop/AdultPlanner.pdf		



In this journey, you will follow several pathways. Each pathway will show you Essential skills resources. Along the way, you will record your footsteps for future travel.

Pathways: The pathways tell you how to get to on-line Essential Skills resources.

The pathways also tell you how to navigate websites.

Footsteps: The footsteps give you questions to answer or information to find.

Record your answers to the questions in the spaces provided.



Pathway #1: Employment and Social Development Canada

> Type: www.hrsdc.gc.ca into the search bar and click enter

The Employment and Social Development Canada page opens.



Type: (Essential Skills) in the search bar and click enter

The Essential Skills results page will open up.



Scroll down the page to see the many Essential Skills resources available to use.

• How many lessons are in the ES Vocabulary Building Workbook?



Specifically what are the exercises designed to help you learn?



Pathway #2: The Office of Literacy and Essential Skills (OLES)

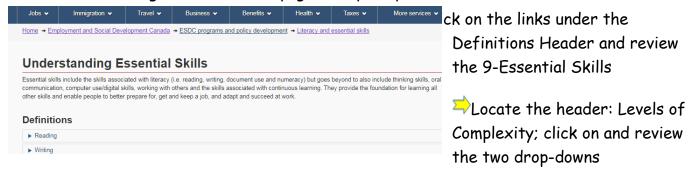
On the Essential Skills results page

Click on: Literacy and Essential Skills - Canada

> The Office of Literacy and Essential Skills page will open up.



> The Understanding Essential Skills page will open up.



Travel Counsellors require a level 3 in writing. What are the 5 elements that the rating scale considers when identifying complexity in writing?



Click the back button once and return to the OLES page





Pathway #3: Essential Skills Profiles

On the OLES page

Click on: Essential Skills Profiles

The Essential Skills profiles page will open up.



• In what three ways do Essential Skills profiles describe how workers in various occupations use each key essential skill?



- Click on: Explore careers by essential skills profiles
- > The Explore Careers Essential Skills page will open up.



• In what three ways can Essential Skills Profiles help you?



What is the NOC # for Employment Counsellors?



 For an Employment Counsellor at work, which essential skill operates at the highest level of complexity? And why do you say that?

Skill	 		

Why				
-				

Click the back button and return to the Essential Skills Profiles page





Pathway #4: NOC

On the Essential skills profiles page

⇒ Click on: National Occupational Classification

> The National Occupational Classification page will open up.



- The NOC is the _____ on occupational information in Canada.
- How many occupational titles are in the NOC?
- How many Unit Groups are in the NOC?

- How are occupations in Unit Groups organized?
- Enter the 4-digit NOC code for Employment Counsellor click the search icon
 - What is the total number of occupational titles in this Unit Group?
- →Click the back button and return to the Essential Skills Profiles page

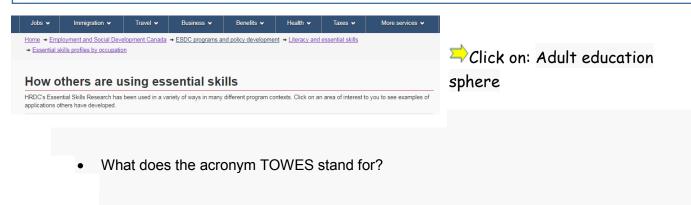


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Pathway #5: TOWES

On the Essential skills profiles page

⇒ Click on: How others are using the profiles



In what four ways would an employer benefit from the use of TOWES?

Click on the link: <u>Test of Workplace Essential Skills</u>

> The TOWES page will open up.



•	This tool accurately measures and builds what three (3) Essential Skills?

Click on: Trainers & Instructors

Read: TOWES products and services can help you...

•	In your own words, how can using TOWES help you set up plans to assist your clients?	

- >Spend a few minutes exploring the sections on this site.
- Click the back button and return to the Essential Skills Profiles page
- Click on: How others are using the profiles



Pathway #6: Measure Up

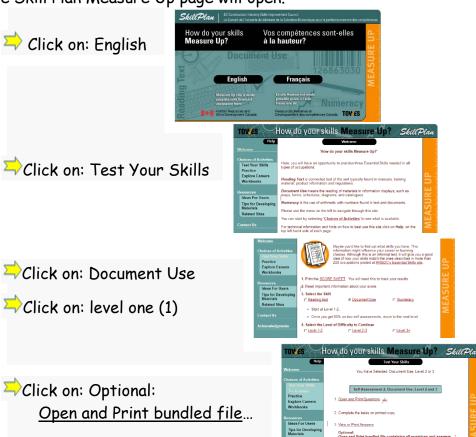
On the How others are using the profiles page

- Click on: Assessment (Formal)
- Locate the header: Essential skills self-evaluation tool

 - Who developed the tool? ______

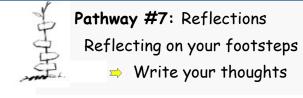
Click on the link: How Do You Measure Up?

> The Skill Plan Measure Up page will open.

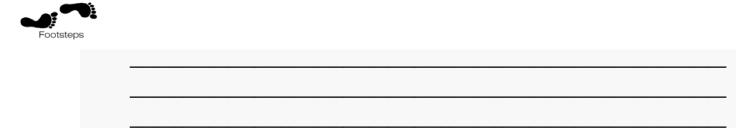




Complete the assessment



How can you use the information you have gained from taking this journey?



1.	What advice and hints will you give others who want to make this journey?



Appendix 5: Essential Skills Common Language Review

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW CALLOUTS

Callout:	Answer:
Using technology	Computer Use
Story telling	Oral Communication
Solving problems	Thinking skills
Minimum Essential Skills level needed for daily living	Level 3
Human Resources and Skills Development Canada	HRSDC
Using numbers	Numeracy
Reading sentences and paragraphs	Reading
Communicating using written words	Writing
Skills needed for life, learning and work	Essential Skills
International Adult Literacy Survey	IALS
Gaining skills throughout life	Continuous Learning
Essential Skills used in an occupation	ES Profile
Teamwork	Working With Others
Using a Map	Document Use
Test of Workplace Essential Skills	TOWES
Can be formal or informal	ES Assessment
Have rows and columns	Tables
Occupation-Specific Skills	Technical Skills
International Adult Literacy and Skills Survey	IALSS
How you learn best	Learning Style
When you evaluate yourself	Self-assessment
It has 5 levels	ES Rating Scale
Shows a process by using shapes and arrows	A Flowchart
A way to compare 2 or 3 pieces of information	Venn Diagram
When you look through a piece of writing to find a specific word	Locate

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW						
Self- Assessment	Technical Skills	A Flowchart	ES Assessment	Venn Diagram		
Document Use	Numeracy	Locate	FREE	TOWES		
Continuous Learning	Oral Communication	IALSS	Thinking skills	HRSDC		
Essential Skills	IALS	Level 3	Writing	Reading		
ES Profile	Tables	ES Rating Scale	Computer Use	Working With Others		

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW						
Level 3	Working With Others	Reading	Learning Style	IALS		
Writing	Document Use	Technical Skills	Oral Communication	TOWES		
A Flowchart	Essential Skills	HRSDC	ES Assessment	Venn Diagram		
ES Profile	Locate	Computer Use	Tables	FREE		
Numeracy	Thinking skills	Self- assessment	Continuous Learning	ES Rating Scale		

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW						
Locate	Reading	ES Assessment	Document Use	Venn Diagram		
ES Rating Scale	FREE	Computer Use	IALSS	Level 3		
Numeracy	Continuous Learning	TOWES	Thinking skills	Tables		
A Flowchart	Technical Skills	ES Profile	Oral Communication	Essential Skills		
IALS	HRSDC	Learning Style	Writing	Working With Others		

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW						
Oral Communication	Working With Others	Self- assessment	Computer Use	Continuous Learning		
TOWES	A Flowchart	ES Rating Scale	Thinking skills	Writing		
Numeracy	Locate	Learning Style	Essential Skills	IALS		
IALSS	ES Profile	Document Use	HRSDC	ES Assessment		
Reading	Technical Skills	FREE	Tables	Level 3		

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW						
ES Assessment	Locate	Level 3	ES Rating Scale	Technical Skills		
IALS	HRSDC	Learning Style	TOWES	Oral Communication		
Tables	Numeracy	Working With Others	Writing	FREE		
Document Use	Self- assessment	Thinking skills	Reading	Venn Diagram		
A Flowchart	IALSS	Continuous Learning	Essential Skills	ES Profile		

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW						
Self- assessment	Working With Others	Thinking skills	Technical Skills	TOWES		
FREE	Locate	IALSS	ES Rating Scale	A Flowchart		
Venn Diagram	HRSDC	ES Assessment	ES Profile	Reading		
Writing	Learning Style	Computer Use	Continuous Learning	Oral Communication		
Level 3	Tables	IALS	Essential Skills	Document Use		

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW							
Technical Skills	Tables	Locate	Oral Communication	HRSDC			
Essential Skills	FREE	ES Profile	IALSS	Continuous Learning			
Level 3	Working With Others	Numeracy	ES Assessment	IALS			
Computer Use	Learning Style	Document Use	Venn Diagram	Self- assessment			
Writing	A Flowchart	Reading	ES Rating Scale	TOWES			

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
FREE	Oral Communication	Working With Others	Level 3	Thinking skills
ES Assessment	Numeracy	Self- assessment	Document Use	A Flowchart
HRSDC	TOWES	Venn Diagram	Tables	Writing
Computer Use	IALSS	Learning Style	ES Profile	Technical Skills
Reading	IALS	Essential Skills	Continuous Learning	ES Rating Scale

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
Writing	Continuous Learning	Self- assessment	IALS	HRSDC
Numeracy	Reading	Oral Communication	FREE	ES Assessment
Document Use	IALSS	Locate	Tables	Level 3
Computer Use	Learning Style	Working With Others	TOWES	Technical Skills
ES Profile	ES Rating Scale	Essential Skills	A Flowchart	Venn Diagram

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
Tables	Thinking skills	FREE	Level 3	TOWES
IALS	Oral Communication	ES Assessment	HRSDC	Essential Skills
Reading	Learning Style	Continuous Learning	A Flowchart	Locate
Numeracy	IALSS	Working With Others	Self- assessment	Technical Skills
Venn Diagram	Computer Use	ES Profile	ES Rating Scale	Writing

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
ES Assessment	Writing	TOWES	A Flowchart	ES Rating Scale
Learning Style	FREE	Tables	Level 3	Venn Diagram
Continuous Learning	Essential Skills	Tec hnical Skills	Numeracy	Oral Communication
IALSS	ES Profile	Computer Use	Thinking skills	IALS
Document Use	HRSDC	Locate	Self- assessment	Working With Others

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
IALS	Venn Diagram	Tables	Numeracy	Computer Use
Thinking skills	Reading	ES Rating Scale	IALSS	ES Assessment
TOWES	Self- assessment	HRSDC	Working With Others	Continuous Learning
Learning Style	FREE	Technical Skills	Locate	Writing
A Flowchart	Level 3	Document Use	ES Profile	Oral Communication

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
Level 3	Thinking skills	IALSS	ES Rating Scale	FREE
TOWES	Document Use	Locate	Writing	Numeracy
Oral Communication	Essential Skills	IALS	A Flowchart	Venn Diagram
Self- assessment	Learning Style	Working With Others	Continuous Learning	HRSDC
ES Assessment	Reading	Tables	Technical Skills	ES Profile

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
Writing	HRSDC	Reading	Learning Style	Numeracy
ES Assessment	A Flowchart	Essential Skills	Continuous Learning	Oral Communication
IALS	Thinking skills	Venn Diagram	Tables	TOWES
Locate	ES Rating Scale	Document Use	Technical Skills	ES Profile
FREE	Working With Others	Self- assessment	IALSS	Level 3

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
Thinking skills	Reading	ES Assessment	Writing	Locate
Venn Diagram	Technical Skills	Continuous Learning	Essential Skills	ES Profile
HRSDC	Document Use	IALS	IALSS	Tables
Self- assessment	ES Rating Scale	Oral Communication	Learning Style	FREE
TOWES	Numeracy	Level 3	A Flowchart	Working With Others

._____

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
Essential Skills	Continuous Learning	ES Profile	Working With Others	Self- assessment
Venn Diagram	ES Rating Scale	Tables	Oral Communication	Learning Style
Level 3	Technical Skills	TOWES	A Flowchart	Document Use
Computer Use	FREE	Writing	ES Assessment	Reading
IALS	HRSDC	Thinking skills	Numeracy	IALSS

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
Thinking skills	ES Profile	Document Use	Oral Communication	Locate
Level 3	Working With Others	Tables	ES Assessment	Numeracy
Technical Skills	ES Rating Scale	HRSDC	TOWES	Essential Skills
Continuous Learning	Reading	FREE	Learning Style	Self- assessment
IALS	A Flowchart	Venn Diagram	Computer Use	IALSS

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
IALS	Numeracy	Writing	Self- assessment	Learning Style
Continuous Learning	FREE	Computer Use	IALSS	Document Use
Technical Skills	Venn Diagram	TOWES	Locate	ES Assessment
ES Profile	A Flowchart	Thinking skills	Essential Skills	Oral Communication
Level 3	Reading	ES Rating Scale	Tables	Working With Others

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
Tables	Locate	Continuous Learning	Computer Use	Thinking skills
Numeracy	Oral Communication	Document Use	Self- assessment	Technical Skills
Level 3	FREE	A Flowchart	Writing	ES Assessment
IALSS	Reading	Learning Style	ES Rating Scale	Working With Others
HRSDC	ES Profile	Essential Skills	IALS	Venn Diagram

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
Oral Communication	Locate	Venn Diagram	A Flowchart	ES Assessment
Level 3	Self- assessment	ES Profile	Essential Skills	Working With Others
ES Rating Scale	Technical Skills	TOWES	Thinking skills	Learning Style
Computer Use	Continuous Learning	FREE	Reading	IALS
IALSS	Writing	Tables	Numeracy	Document Use

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
Self- assessment	FREE s	IALS	Reading	Technical Skill
Document Use	A Flowchart	Locate	ES Profile	ES Assessment
Learning Style	Working With Others	Essential Skills	HRSDC	Tables
Continuous Learning	Oral Communication	Writing	IALSS	Thinking skills
ES Rating Scale	Venn Diagram	Level 3	TOWES	Computer Use

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
Oral Communication	ES Assessment	FREE	HRSDC	Tables
Writing	Working With Others	Learning Style	TOWES	ES Rating Scale
ES Profile	IALS	A Flowchart	Technical Skills	Venn Diagram
IALSS	Numeracy	Continuous Learning	Computer Use	Self- assessment
Locate	Thinking skills	Level 3	Essential Skills	Document Use

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
TOWES	Tables	A Flowchart	HRSDC	Learning Style
ES Assessment	Document Use	Level 3	Oral Communication	IALSS
ES Profile	Reading	Self- assessment	Essential Skills	IALS
ES Rating Scale	Writing	Technical Skills	Numeracy	Locate
FREE	Computer Use	Continuous Learning	Venn Diagram	Thinking skills

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
ES Rating Scale	Continuous Learning	Tables	Technical Skills	Working With Others
HRSDC	Self- assessment	IALSS	ES Assessment	Level 3
A Flowchart	Learning Style	Venn Diagram	TOWES	Computer Use
Locate	IALS	Thinking skills	Numeracy	Writing
Document Use	FREE	Essential Skills	ES Profile	Reading

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
Oral Communication	Computer Use	Tables	Document Use	ES Assessment
IALS	Working With Others	Technical Skills	Numeracy	Writing
Level 3	Continuous Learning	IALSS	Thinking skills	Self- assessment
Reading	ES Rating Scale	A Flowchart	HRSDC	Learning Style
Venn Diagram	TOWES	Essential Skills	FREE	Locate

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
ES Profile	Level 3	IALS	Reading	Oral Communication
Document Use	Writing	Continuous Learning	HRSDC	Technical Skills
A Flowchart	Self- assessment	Computer Use	Tables	Venn Diagram
TOWES	FREE	ES Assessment	Thinking skills	Locate
ES Rating Scale	Learning Style	IALSS	Essential Skills	Numeracy

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
IALS	IALSS	Locate	Venn Diagram	TOWES
A Flowchart	Working With Others	ES Assessment	Essential Skills	Writing
Reading	Computer Use	FREE	ES Profile	Technical Skills
Self- assessment	Level 3	Learning Style	Document Use	Tables
Oral Communication	HRSDC	ES Rating Scale	Thinking skills	Numeracy

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
Computer Use	A Flowchart	Venn Diagram	Self- assessment	Thinking skills
Tables	Oral Communication	Technical Skills	Learning Style	HRSDC
Locate	Numeracy	Essential Skills	Writing	TOWES
FREE	Continuous Learning	ES Rating Scale	Reading	IALSS
Working With Others	Level 3	ES Assessment	IALS	Document Use

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
Document Use	Self- assessment	ES Assessment	Level 3	Learning Style
TOWES	Thinking skills	HRSDC	Technical Skills	Writing
Numeracy	Tables	Reading	ES Profile	Essential Skills
Continuous Learning	IALSS	FREE	Venn Diagram	Locate
IALS	Computer Use	Working With Others	ES Rating Scale	Oral Communication

ES COMMON LANGUAGE REVIEW				
Computer Use	Venn Diagram	ES Profile	Oral Communication	Level 3
Technical Skills	IALSS	ES Rating Scale	TOWES	A Flowchart
Numeracy	Thinking skills	Document Use	Self- assessment	FREE
Reading	Writing	IALS	Locate	Tables
Continuous Learning	Working With Others	Learning Style	ES Assessment	HRSDC



Appendix 6: Answer Keys (Except Spirit Lake)

ANTICIPATION GUIDE

Place a T beside all TRUE statements and an F beside all FALSE statements.

- F 1. According to the Government of Canada, there are 8 Essential Skills.
- F 2. People who can read are able to use documents properly.
- T 3. The Essential Skills IALS rating scale has 5 levels.
- T 4. Creativity is not considered one of the "official" Essential Skills.
- T 5. Essential Skills often work together.
- F 6. An Essential Skills profile shows what school grades are needed for certain jobs.
- F 7. Measure-Up is a website that sells tape measures.
- T 8. Essential Skills assessment can be formal or informal.
- 7 9. Aboriginal groups in Canada are developing their own Essential Skills projects.
- T 10. The Essential Skills field has its own vocabulary.

NOTES:

What Are Essential Skills?

Essential Skills are the skills needed for work, learning and life.

They provide the foundation for learning all other skills.

The following are Canada's 9 Essential Skills and their definitions. Each Essential Skill has an icon (small picture) to help you understand the skill. Choose ONE of the skill labels below for each definition. Write the skill label in the correct blank.

Working with Others	Thinking Skills	Computer Use
Oral Communication	Document Use	Numeracy
Continuous Learning	Writing	Reading Text

Document Use:

Understanding visual images such as graphs, lists, tables, drawings, symbols, signs, maps, labels, forms, x-rays.

The visual display or arrangement gives meaning to the content.

Includes reading, entering information into, and creating documents.



Reading:

Reading sentences or paragraphs.

For example: notes, letters, emails, magazines, manuals, regulations, books, reports, product labels, legal agreements.

Includes words on paper and words on a screen.

Thinking Skills:

Using your brain to:

- solve problems
- make decisions
- think critically
- plan and organize tasks
- remember
- find information

Oral Communication:

Speaking and listening to share thoughts or information.

For example: greeting, telling stories, giving advice, sharing ideas, facilitating, coordinating tasks, explaining, discussing.

Can be face-to-face, by cell phone or telephone, by computer (Skype)





Working With Others:

Interacting with family, friends, community members, students and co-workers to accomplish tasks together.

Computer Use:

Using technology.

For example: computers, cell phones, GPS, digital cameras, Ipods and MP3s, gaming devices, computerized cash registers, Blackberries, Iphones.

Includes using the Internet and email.

Numeracy:

Using numbers and being able to think in terms of "amounts".

For example:

- money math
- scheduling or budgeting/ accounting math
- measurement / calculation math
- data analysis math
- estimation

May require solving problems by using numbers.

Continuous Learning:

Gaining skills and knowledge throughout life.

Includes:

- learning how to learn
- understanding your learning style
- knowing how to find resources and learning opportunities



Writing:

Writing words to share ideas.

For example: writing notes, emails, letters, reports, orders, logbook entries, text messages.

Includes "pen and paper" writing and keyboarding.



Essential Skills Scenario #1 (Single Mom's Shopping Trip):

Cynthia is a young single mother who lives on a remote Métis community. Today she plans to go into town to shop for groceries. First, she asks her auntie who lives next door if she can babysit. Next, she calls the shuttle bus to see what the schedule is. She finds out that it leaves at 1:00 pm and returns home at 4:00 pm. This will give her enough time to shop. Before she catches the bus, she makes a list of items that she needs and estimates how much her order will cost. She then reads her list again to make sure she has not forgotten anything. Once in the city, she goes to the bank machine where she withdraws enough money for shopping. After using the machine, Cynthia buys her groceries being careful to stay within her budget.

Answers will differ from person to person.

	Essential Skills Boxes	Totals
Reading Text	reads grocery list	1
Document Use	• shopping list	1
Writing	• writes a list	1
Numeracy	 calculates shopping time needed estimates shopping costs uses numbers at ATM uses a budget for her shopping 	4
Oral Communication	 asks auntie to babysit calls shuttle bus for schedule	2
Thinking Skills	plans shopping tripsolves childcare problem	2
Working With Others	arranges childcare with auntie	1
Computer Use	• uses a bank machine	1

No Continuous Learning.

Essential Skills Scenario #2 (Trades Helper):

Joe is a trades helper. He assists the apprentices, builders and the site supervisor to renovate the community skating rink. When he arrives at work, he reports to the site supervisor who hands him a time card and a list of his duties for the day. Today, he must check in with the apprentices to see which tools and materials they are going to need. He then collects the tools and materials from the supply shed, and signs them out to the apprentices. Joe is expected to work with all of the crew throughout the day to make sure that they have everything they need to complete their tasks. He is also learning how to rebuild the rink and receives training from the builders. At the end of the day, Joe signs in the tools and calculates how many supplies were used. When he finishes, he adds up his hours and fills in his time card.

Answers will differ from person to person.

	Skills Boxes	Totals
Dooding Toyt	reads time card	
Reading Text	 reads duty list 	3
	 reads equipment sign out list 	
Document Use	• time card	
Stanien Sec	duty list	3
	 equipment sign out list 	
		2
Writing	signs tools out and in	3
9	fills in time card	
Numeracy	calculates materials used	2
,	adds up hours	
	reports to supervisors	
Oral Communication	checks with apprentices	3
	 interacts with builders 	
	• Interacts with builders	
Thinking Skills	plans his day	1
	L	
Mandaina Mith Others	works with supervisors	
Working With Others	 works with apprentices 	3
	works with builders	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

No Computer Use or Continuous Learning

Essential Skills Scenario #3 (Band Office Administrative Assistant):

Stacy is the administrative assistant for the Band Office. In the morning, she checks the Outlook program on her computer to see what events are scheduled for the day. After this, Stacy signs out files to 2 of the Band Councillors. She then re-schedules a talking circle the Chief was to have with community elders. Stacy must make this change because the Chief has been called to Ottawa for an emergency meeting with INAC. She researches flight times and costs for the trip, and makes the booking online. Next, Stacy spends an hour entering Band Council expenses into a spreadsheet. She also answers many telephone calls and decides if calls should be forwarded or messages taken. Stacy spends the afternoon reading the minutes from the Annual Assembly and making a "to do" list.

Answers will differ from person to person.

	Skills Boxes	Totals
Reading Text	reads event schedule	
	reads flight schedule	3
	reads Annual Assembly minutes	
	file sign out sheet	
Document Use	• flight schedule	3
	_	3
	flight booking form on-line	
	• signs out files	
Writing	makes a "to-do" list	2
		l l
Name	compares flight costs	2
Numeracy	• enters expenses into expense records	2
Oral Communication	answers telephone	1
Thinking Skills	 re-schedules talking circle 	
Trinking Skins	 schedules flights 	3
	decides how to direct calls	
	1 31 5 10 11	
Working With Others	works with Band Counsellors	2
5	works with Chief	
	checks Outlook	
Computer Use	books flights on line	3
	fills in computerized spreadsheet	
	• IIII3 III COMPULENZEU SPIEAUSNEEL	

No Continuous Learning

Essential Skills Scenario #4 (Band Counsellor):

Linda is a Band Counsellor. Today she must decide if the proposed 10 kilometre Otter Fun Run should receive Band funding. She meets with the Recreation Coordinator to get more details. She then checks the annual budget to see if there is money available. Linda calculates how much the event will cost and compares the amount to similar activities from last year. To get more information, Linda reads through the notes the Recreation Coordinator has given her. She then decides to support the run. Now it is time to look at the quarterly report which will be sent out in a few days. Linda focuses on the amount of money being spent on road upgrading since she sits on the Capital Projects Committee. Linda thinks one of the numbers may be wrong. She writes an email to the Director asking her to check the numbers in the report. After, Linda visits the E-Learning Centre to hear about youth education success.

Answers will differ from person to person.

 reads notes from Recreation Coor. reads budgets reads quarterly reports 	3
	3
• reads quarterly reports	
Document Use • annual budget	2
notes from Recreation Coordinator quarterly report	3
- quartony roport	
Writing • writes an email to Director	1
• checks annual budget	
Numeracy • calculates event costs	4
• compares costs	4
checks figures in quarterly report	
Oral Communication • talks with the Recreation Coordinator	1
decides to fund Fun Run	
Thinking Skills • solves budget number problems	3
Linda plans her day	
works with Recreation Coordinator	
Working With Others • works with Director	3
works with E-learning staff/students	
Constanting and an area	4
Computer Use • sends an email	1
Continuous Learning • E-learning centre program	1

Essential Skills Scenario #5 (Elder With Trap Lines):

Jim is an elder who runs trap lines. Today Jim has found one of his trap lines destroyed. He blames the company doing an industry project on First Nation traditional lands. Jim uses his satellite phone to contact the Band Council and explain what has happened. The Band Council reviews the Agreement they have with the industry company. They find the section that deals with Harvester's Compensation. They then check a map to confirm the trap line is on the company's leased land. The Band sends a letter via email to the site manager of the company. The letter explains where the trap line is located using GPS coordinates. The company calls to schedule a meeting to deal with the issue. Jim calculates the amount of money required to compensate him for his trap line and his lost income.

Answers will differ from person to person.

	Skills Boxes	Totals
Reading Text	council reads industry Agreementcouncil reads a map	2
	oos	
Document Use	• industry Agreement	
Document Ose	• map	3
	• letter	
Writing	council writes a letter	1
Numeracy	 Jim calculates damages Jim calculates lost income	2
Oral Communication	 Jim complains to Band council company calls to arrange a meeting	2
Thinking Skills	scheduling a meetingsolving destroyed trap line problem	2
Working With Others	 Jim works with Band Council Band Council works with company	2
Computer Use	Jim uses satellite phoneCouncil sends letter by emailBand uses GPS	3

No Continuous Learning

Essential Skills Scenario #6 (Casino Worker):

Larry works in the Three Feathers Casino. When he gets to work, he reads the sign-in sheet to see where he is needed. Today he is in the pit. This means he counts out chips for the chip runners. He also calculates the total value of chips cashed in so he can provide the right amount of money. He constantly talks to customers and chip runners but he is not allowed to talk to dealers while they are working. When a customer argues with him about a payout, he decides to explain the process. The customer threatens to damage the casino and stomps out. Larry fills out a customer incident form to explain what has happened. Because it is a slow night, Larry is asked by his supervisor to help out at the tables. He records the money coming in at a table by using a device that works like a calculator. At the end of his shift, he fills in a closure sheet to see if his cash balances.

Answers will differ from person to person.

	Skills Boxes	Totals
Danding Taut	 reads sign-in sheet 	
Reading Text	 reads a customer incident form 	3
	 reads closure sheet 	
Document Use	• sign-in sheet	
Document Ose	 customer incident form 	3
	closure sheet	
	C11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Writing	fills out customer incident form	2
9	fills out closure sheet	
	counts out chips	
Numeracy	counts out cripscalculates cash chip values	
	pays out chips	5
	 records money coming in 	J J
	 balances cash at end of shift 	
	Dalances cash at end of shift	
	talks to customers	
Oral Communication	talks to chip runners	3
	talks with supervisor	
Thinking Skilla	 decides to explain process 	
Thinking Skills	 deals with irate customer problem 	4
	 decides to help out at tables 	4
	 plans time when nights are slow 	
		
Working With Others	 works with customers 	
Working With Others	works with chip runners	3
	works with supervisor	
		1
Computer Use	uses a calculator-like device	1
•		

No Continuous Learning

Essential Skills Scenario #7 (Environmental Review Panel):

Amanda is a member of an Inuit community which is making a decision about a resource project on their lands. She is trying to decide if she will support the project or not. First, she goes on the Internet to research environmental issues. Then she reads information about the project given to the community by the company. Next, Amanda talks to elders to get their opinions. She also reads information about the economic benefits to her people and attends information nights to help her understand the legal issues. However, she still has questions for the environmental review panel. She reads the rules for the hearings, fills out a participation form and submits it. When the panel is in town, she attends and asks her questions. She listens carefully to the answers. Now she knows what her position will be.

Answers will differ from person to person.

• reads about environmental issues • reads company handouts • reads economic impact info • reads legal impact info • reads hearing procedures • reads participant form	
 reads company handouts reads economic impact info reads legal impact info reads hearing procedures 	
 reads legal impact info reads hearing procedures 	
reads hearing procedures	
• •	
• company handouts	
Document Use • participant form	
- participant form	
Writing • fills out a participant form 1	
Numeracy • analyses economic impacts 1	
·	
Oral Communication • talks to elders	
• listens at Band Council meetings 3	
asks questions at hearing	
Thinking Skills • decides whether to support project	
• plans to attend hearings	
• works with elders	
Working With Others • works with Band Council 3	
 works with hearing panel members 	
• uses internet to research issues 1	
• learns about the project and impacts 1	

Essential Skills Scenario #8 (Auto Parts Dealership):

Nelson and Rebecca work at an auto parts dealership. When they arrive in the morning, they must first disengage the security alarm using a number code. After making the coffee, they review the outstanding orders that need to be filled. To do this, they refer to an "outstanding orders to be filled log book" and collect parts from the warehouse, using a numbered parts storage system. During the day, Nelson is responsible for telephone enquiries while Rebecca is responsible for walk-in customers. They must both use a variety of catalogues to look up parts for different car makes, models and years. Once a part is found in the catalogue, they research part availability using a computerized data base inventory system. Nelson and Rebecca are expected to deal with customers in a friendly and professional way, and to attend training once per year.

Answers will differ from person to person.

	Skills Boxes	Totals
Reading Text	 read orders in log book 	2
Redding Text	read catalogues	2
	and and and and	
Document Use	order logbook actalogues	2
	• catalogues	
	use a number code for alarm	_
Numeracy	 use a numbered parts storage system 	2
Oral Communication	Nelson talks on the phone	2
Oral communication	Rebecca talks to customers	2
Thinking Skills	decide where to find parts	2
3	decide which parts to retrieve	
	Nelson and Rebecca work together	
Working With Others	 both work with customers 	2
Computer Has	disengage alarm	2
Computer Use	 use a computerized data base 	2
	Г	
Continuous Learning	 attend training every year 	1
=	3 - 3 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	

No Writing

- 1. What do Trappers/Hunters do?
 - Trappers and hunters trap and hunt wild animals for pelts or live sale. They are usually self-employed and may work on a seasonal basis.
- 2. Which task has the highest level of complexity?

What is the title of the section and what is the skill heading?

- Plan a season's trappings. They make adjustments to the plan during the season in response to factors such as species populations, prices and the weather. (4)
- Scheduling, Budgeting & Accounting Math
- Numeracy
- 3. List the sub sections under Thinking and identify what the highest level of complexity within each sub section?
 - Problem Solving (3)
 - Decision Making (3)
 - Critical Thinking information was not collected for this profile.
 - Job Task Planning and Organizing (3)
 - Significant Use of Memory No levels
 - Finding Information (2)
- 4. What would the impact be on the Trapper Hunter if they had a level (2) skill ability in Oral Communication?
 - They would not be effective to interact with fur buyers to discuss the quality of pelts and to negotiate prices. (3)
- 5. How is the information that is given for Working with Others and Continuous Learning different from the 7 other Essential Skills?
 - An overview of the skill is given in one paragraph, followed by a listing of some specific activities for this skill but there are no complexity levels.
- 6. In the Numeracy section, name the level 2 tasks and the title of the sub section (ss).
 - Calculate earnings Money Math
 - Use rates to calculate prices for pelts Money Math
 - Make schedules for trap setting Scheduling, Budgeting & Accounting Math
 - Measure lengths & number of logs Measurement and Calculation Math
- 7. Give one example of a problem that Trappers/Hunters might need to solve.
 - May have to relocate traps after a bad snowstorm
 - Use diagnostic and mechanical skills to fix trap malfunctions
 - May fall through ice and have to get to shore and warm up
- 8. Continuous Learning is an ongoing part of the Trapper/Hunter job. List 2 ways this learning may occur.
 - As part of regular work activity
 - From co-workers
 - By reading professional publications
 - Attending conferences, workplace training

Pathway #1: Employment and Social Development Canada

- How many lessons are in the ES Vocabulary Building Workbook?
 24
- Specifically what are the exercises designed to help you learn?
 - o help you learn new words commonly used in the Canadian workplace

Pathway #2: The Office of Literacy and Essential Skills (OLES)

- Travel Counsellors require a level 3 in writing. What are the 5 elements that the rating scale considers when identifying complexity in writing?
 - <u>Length Purpose Style Structure Content</u>

Pathway #3: Essential Skills Profiles

- In what three ways do Essential Skills profiles describe how workers in various occupations use each key essential skill?
 - a brief description of the occupation;
 - o examples of tasks that illustrate how each essential skill is applied; and,
 - o complexity ratings that indicate the level of difficulty of the example tasks.
- In what three ways are Essential Skills Profiles helpful?
 - Help determine, based on skill sets, which career may best suit a particular individual.
 - o Assist job seekers to write a résumé or prepare for a job interview.
 - o Help employers to create a job posting.
- What is the NOC # for Employment Counsellors?
 - o <u>4156</u>
- For an Employment Counsellor at work, which essential skill operates at the highest level of complexity? And why do you say that?
 Reading Text
 - May read 'Requests for Proposals and labour market consulting services (4)
 - o Read legislation and regulations (4)
 - o Read lengthy reports and articles of labour market, research and career (4)
 - Read textbooks/training manuals on methodologies and assessment (4)

Pathway #4: NOC

- The NOC is the authoritative resource on occupational information in Canada.
- How many occupational titles are on the NOC?
 - o Over 30,000

- How many Unit Groups are on the NOC?
 50
- How are occupations in Unit Groups organized?
 - o organized according to skill levels and skill types
- What is the total number of occupational titles in this Unit Group?
 - o <u>31</u>

Pathway #5: TOWES

- What does the acronym TOWES stand for?
 - Test of Workplace Essential Skills
- In what four ways would an employer benefit from the use of TOWES?
 - o assess the skills of their workforce
 - o clarify their training needs
 - o address concerns around return on investment for training
 - o assess the skills of job applicants employment readiness
- This tool accurately measures and builds what 3 Essential Skills?
 - Document Use Numeracy Reading Text
- In your own words, how can using TOWES help you set up plans to assist your clients?
 - o Assess the foundational skills that underpin all learning.
 - o Identify and address skills gaps.
 - o <u>Identify at-risk learners through a strong correlation between literacy levels</u> and an individual's ability to learn.
 - o Design or customize curriculums or training programs to address skill gaps.
 - Train to the occupational requirements identified for success in specific fields.

Pathway #6: Measure Up

- What is the name of the tool?
 - Measure Up
- Who developed the tool?
 - Skill Plan
- What Essential Skills are tested
 - Reading, Document Use, Numeracy

Pathway #7: Reflections



Appendix 7: Other Workshop Forms

Introduction to Essential Skills Workshop Recognition

Workshop Host/Sponsor:	
Workshop Location:	
Workshop Dates:	
Workshop Facilitator:	

will allow participants to pursue further Essential Douglas College for completion of this workshop should complete this form. Completing this form Only those requesting official recognition from Skills modules at Douglas College.



Attended BOTH days of the workshop

Completed Hunting Through an Essential Skills Profile

Completed Learning the Lay of the Land: A Resourceful Journey

PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY

Participant Name & Birth Date	Mailing Address	Phone	Email	M/F	1	2	3 4	
Birth Date:								
Birth Date:								
Birth Date:								
Birth Date:								
Birth Date:								
21:								

Participant Name & Birth Date	Mailing Address	Phone	Email	M/F	1 2	3	4	2
Birth Date:								
Birth Date:								
Birth Date:								
Birth Date:								
Birth Date:								
Birth Date:								
Birth Date:								
Birth Date:								
"Birth Date:								
14								

Participant Name & Birth Date	Mailing Address	Phone	Email	M/F	1	2 3	4	2
Birth Date:								
Birth Date:								
Birth Date:								
Birth Date:								
Birth Date:								
Birth Date:								
Birth Date:								
Birth Date:								
Birth Date:								
<u>?</u> 15								

ANA	BOI	AN ABORIGINAL ESSENTIAL SKILLS JOURNEY					
WOR	KSF	WORKSHOP EVALUATION Nam	Name (optional):	<u>::</u>			
			Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree	
uo	а)	The Facilitator(s) made workshop objectives clear	Т	2	33	4	NA
ite	(q	Workshop content was appropriate	Т	7	33	4	NA
n	C	The Facilitator is knowledgeable in the topic area	1	7	3	4	ΝΑ
EV.	ф	The Facilitator(s) encouraged participation and discussion	1	7	3	4	ΝΑ
d	(e)	The Facilitator(s) provided assistance when needed	Т	7	33	4	NA
оų	f)	The Facilitator(s) was well organized	Т	7	33	4	NA
, KS	g)	Workshop resources (e.g. equipment, materials, facilities) were adequate	Т	7	33	4	NA
10/	h)	The workshop assisted me to develop new skills	T	7	3	4	ΝΑ
V	Œ.	Overall, I was satisfied with the Facilitator(s)	T	7	3	4	ΝΑ
	j.	Overall, I was satisfied with the workshop	Н	2	3	4	Ą
	а)	Where can we improve?					
stu	(q	What did we do right?					
อเม							
шо							
O	C)	Other Comments:					



Certificate of Completion

presented to

An Aboriginal Essential Skills Journey – Planting the Seeds for Growth