

## **EFFECTIVE: JANUARY 2009** CURRICULUM GUIDELINES

A:	Division:	EDUCATION	Effe	ective Date	:	JANUARY 2009		
B:	Department / Program Area:	SOCIOLOGY FACULTY OF HUMANITIES & SOCIAL SCIENCES	Rev	ision	X	New Course		
				evision, Se	ection(s)	D		
				ised: e of Previo	ous Revision:	September 2004		
			Dat	e of Currer	nt Revision:	October 2008		
C:	SOCI 2250 D: FAMILIES AND SOCIAL CHANGE		HANGE	E: 3				
	Subject & Co	urse No. Des	scripti	ve Title		Semester Credits		
F:	Calendar Description:							
	This course examines the distinctive features of families as social groups including their internal dynamics, location within wider kin networks and communities, their life cycle, and evolution since the Industrial Revolution. It also examines the relations between the family as an institution and the economic and political institutions of the society; and raises a number of issues concerning the supposed centrality of the family in modern society.							
G:	Allocation of Co Learning Setting	ontact Hours to Type of Instruction /	H:	Course F	Prerequisites:			
0		ods of Instructional Delivery and/or		SOCI 11 OLD SC		145 or SOCI 1155 or		
	Lecture Number of Contact Hours: (per week /semester for each descriptor)		I:	I: Course Corequisites:				
			J:	NONE				
Lecture:		4 hrs. per week / semester		Course f	or which this C	Course is a Prerequisite		
				NONE				
	Number of Weeks per Semester:							
	15		K:	Maximu	m Class Size:			
				35				
L:	PLEASE INDI	CATE:						
	Non-Cre							
		Credit Non-Transfer						
	X College	Credit Transfer:						
	SEE BC TRANSFER GUIDE FOR TRANSFER DETAILS (www.bctransferguide.ca)							

## M: Course Objectives / Learning Outcomes:

At the conclusion of the course the successful student will be able to:

- 1. A basic understanding of the special features of families as social groupings.
- 2. An ability to handle and use key sociological concepts employed in sociological research on the role of the family in society.
- 3. A basic appreciation of the influences on family life from other main social institutions and from the general values of the culture.
- 4. A familiarity with the main topical research themes being currently pursued by sociologists of the family, and with some of their principal conclusions to date.

## N: Course Content:

- 1. <u>Introduction</u>
  - the Residential Family
  - the Family and Wider Kin Groupings
  - the Family of Orientation and of Procreation
  - Nuclear and Extended Families
  - the Incest Taboo
  - the Family Enclosed in a Neighbourhood and in Various Sub-cultures
- 2. <u>Main Theoretical Approaches</u>
  - Structural-functionalism and the "Familistic Package"
  - Life Cycle and Developmental Approaches
  - Internal Dynamics; the Micro-interactionist Approach
  - Political-Economy and other Critical Perspectives
  - Feminist Perspectives
- 3. <u>The Modern Family and the Traditional Family</u>
  - Continuity and Change in the Role of the Family from the Time of the Industrial Revolution
- 4. Family Processes and the Life Cycle of the family
  - a. Childhood Socialization:
    - The role of the family and other agents of socialization
    - The expectation to have children, and childless couples
  - b. Family Dynamics During Teen Years:
    - The process of dating and of courtship
    - Mate selection and pressures towards homogamy
  - c. The Marriage Contract, Formal and Informal Aspects
    - Marital satisfaction
    - Stage-theory in relation to the marriage process
  - d. Separation, Divorce, Annulment:
    - Theories and explanations of divorce rates and rates of remarriage
    - Family fragmentation and the role of custodial and non-custodial parent
  - e. The Grandparental Role in Modern Society:
    - Some wider issues of aging, ageism and increased longevity

	Cours	e Content Cont'd.				
	5. <u>Some Aspects of the Role of the State vis-a-vis the Family</u>					
		<ul> <li>a. Family Law:</li> <li>Marriage, divorce, custody, child-support, family assets</li> <li>The family court process - a non-adversarial approach</li> <li>Issues of gender equality in relation to</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>b. Family Policy:</li> <li>Jurisdictional issues</li> <li>Fiscal policies and their effects</li> <li>The goals of non-fiscal policies and initiatives</li> </ul>				
	6.	Some Other Contemporary Issues in brief				
		a. Multiculturalism and the Role of Ethnic Groups in Cultural Retention and in the Supervision' of Constituent Families				
		<ul> <li>b. Family Violence and Abuse:</li> <li>Brief discussion of the Women's Movement and Feminist thought</li> <li>The nature of 'domestic' violence and abuse</li> <li>The role of various State agents and of other authorities</li> </ul>				
<b>D:</b>	Methods of Instruction:					
	follow	burse will employ a variety of instructional methods to accomplish its objectives, including some of the ing: lectures, small group discussions, audio-visual presentations, essay research discussions and list guest speakers.				
P:	Textbooks and Materials to be Purchased by Students:					
	A contemporary general reader, to be updated as necessary, such as:					
	Nett, Emily M. Canadian Families: Past and Present, 2nd edition. Toronto, Butterworths, 1993.					
Q:	Means of Assessment:					
	Evaluation will be carried out in accordance with Douglas College policy and will include both for summative components.					
	The specific evaluation criteria will be provided by the instructor at the beginning of the semester.					
	Course evaluation will include some of the following: examinations requiring paragraph and short essay answers, participation in class discussions, unsolicited comments and questions, essay research and final essay submissions. An example of one such evaluation scheme might be:					
		First in-class examination15%Second in-class examination15%Essay assignment30%				

R: Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition: specify whether course is open for PLAR No.

Course Designer(s):

Education Council / Curriculum Committee Representative

Dean / Director

Registrar

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